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OUTLINES.

The second meeting of the National Congress on uniform divorce laws was held in Philadelphia yesterday with delegates from 27 States in attendance; after an interesting discussion the draft of a bill to be recommended to the Legislatures was adopted, the proposed bill providing six causes for absolute divorce——Former Governor Odell, of New York, yesterday severely criticised the Republican campaign management in New York and declared that the people resented Roosevelt's interference in their affairs.——The committees of the American Banking Association and the New York Chamber of Commerce, at Washington yesterday, practically agreed upon a bill to be presented to Congress authorizing National Banks to issue emergent currency in times of money stringency——District Attorney Jerome, of New York will move to set the trial of Harry Thaw, millionaire murderer of Stanford White, for the first week in December——Many protests are being sent to the War Department remonstrating against President Roosevelt's order dismissing the negro troops——New York markets: Money on call steady 5 to 14 per cent., ruling rate 8, last loan 7, time loans slightly easier; spot cotton ten points higher, closing quiet 10.40; flour steady, but dull; wheat firm, No. 2 red 80 3-4 elevator; corn easy, No. 2 53 1-2 elevator; oats steady, mixed 39; turpentine 70 1-2 to 71; rosin firm, strained common to good $4.30.

An Arkansas court has fined the Standard Oil Company $500. If the company distributes the fine among the oil consumers in Arkansas it won't cost them but one-fifth of a cent.

The big Republican majority in Congress was elected on the slogan, "Stick to Roosevelt." When Congress meets it will look like a pond full of leeches.

"Every man should sieze his opportunity," says Mr. J. B. Duke of the American Tobacco Company. He forgets, however, that most men don't know an opportunity when they meet it face to face.

A man out West agreed to "take a wife if the lost his election bet." It is not stated how many men in his neighborhood are willing for him to take theirs in order to cure him of making such risky bets.

The New York Mail wants to know if there is "any reason why furniture should not be made comfortable." The American kind is made in such a clap trap fashion it can't be made comfortable even if you give it the cozy-corner.

Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, says in an article in the New York World that "a man must start poor to win success." Most men make an early start that way and when they die they are still on the road to success.

The railroads of this country, North and South, are increasing the pay of their employes. This shows that they do not agree with the Republican campaigners that wages had increased more than the cost of living. The railroad men asked for more wages because they couldn't make ends meet by paying increased prices for everything required to support their families.

The action of the County Commissioners of New Hanover and Pender counties in agreeing to construct an iron bridge over the North East river at Castle Haynes, should have the hearty endorsement of the people of both counties. It will give the people of Pender an easier and more economical way to reach their only market and it will be a decided advantage to the trade of Wilmington.

Says the Philadelphia Press: "The Bryanites in New England are hastening to organize to nominate Bryan for the Presidency. The first thing they want to do is to make their candidate stop talking." As a matter of fact our public men can't talk too much. Some by keeping quiet might mislead the people to believe that they are wise, but when they talk the people are their own judges as to whether a politician knows what he is talking about or it a dispenser of hot air and buncombe. By their words we must judge them.

COLD WEATHER IS HERE

Library of Congress

Heavy Frost Throughout the Wilmington District is Expected This Morning.

TEMPERATURE AT FREEZING

Fortunately No Truck Crops Can be Injured—Fair and Warmer Weather on the Way Says the Bureau.

Wilmington is again experiencing a touch of real Winter. The temperature yesterday and last night was biting and unless all signs fail, early risers this morning will see a very heavy frost. Fortunately there are no truck crops of any importance that can be affected by the cold and the snap can do no real harm. Yesterday and last night overcoats and wraps were decidedly in order out doors and fire on the inside was not only comfortable but a real necessity. Yesterday morning ice formed freely where the conditions were at all favorable and there was plenty of frost in this section. As early as 1 o'clock this morning thermometers registered freezing and the indications are that the earlier hours of today will show an even lower temperature than 32. For today Wilmington and vicinity are promised warmer weather with light variable winds.

The weather Bureau on its map of conditions yesterday gave the following review of temperatures as they obtained throughout the country:

"Colder weather has overspread the eastern half of the country with freezing temperature and killing frosts reported southward into the Gulf States and Northern Florida.

"Jacksonville, Fla., reports a minimum temperature of 32 degrees.

"Pressure has fallen decidedly in the West and Northwest with rising temperature due to a marked disturbance which is central this morning.

"Generally fair weather has prevailed in the southern and central sections. Snow is falling in the lower lake region and upper Ohio valley, and rain and sleet is reported locally in the northwest.

"The conditions indicate fair and continued cold weather in this vicinity tonight with heavy frost."

The minimum temperature in the Wilmington district for the 24 hours ended at 8 o'clock yesterday morning was 32 degrees though the temperature in the immediate vicinity of Wilmington was perhaps not quite so low. This morning, however, the record promises to be lower. The Fall crop of lettuce is all under cover and is reported to be very fine. It cannot be damaged by the cold in the opinion of the best informed truckers. The cutting of the Fall crop will begin the 20th of the present month.

Develop Fayetteville Suburb.

Mr. William L. DeRosset, Jr., of this city, who is believed to be representing the American Suburban Corporation of Norfolk, which has developed suburban settlements in a number of leading cities, including Carolina Place, in Wilmington, has purchased what is known as the "Dr. Robinson Place" on North Haymount, in Fayetteville, and authorizes the Observer of that city to say that the property will be laid off into lots and improved after the manner of the improvements of the Carolina Place property here. Mr. C. W. Perkins will be in charge of the work at Fayetteville.

Bond of $200 For Murphy.

Having heard nothing further from Florence as to the condition of the negro Ellis Benjamin and presuming in the absence of advices that he is on the road to recovery, Justice Borneman yesterday admitted Joe Murphy, his assailant to bond of $200 justified Murphy has been in jail without bond since his assault on Benjamin at the compress about two weeks ago. Murphy, however, has been unable to give the bond required and is still in jail.

Able to Leave the Hospital.

John McDowell, the young negro deck hand who was shot by Engineer J. A. Peoples on the steamer C. W. Lyon last Friday night, was able to leave the hospital yesterday and has been transferred to the City Hall, pending his recovery. Engineer Peoples has given $500 bond for his appearance in the police court on the 20th of November.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Crow & Taylor—Cereals and Fruits.
Warren's Steam Bakery—Cream Puffs.
Wm. E. Springer & Co.—Hot Blast Heaters.

Business Locals.
Lost—Red Sweater.
Lost—Valise and Contents.
Adolph G. Ahrens—Setter Lost.

THE MISSING TRUNK

Colored Preacher Here on Senstional Trial Before Magistrate Furlong Yesterday—Lost Property Turned Up in Nick of Time.

L. W. Shell, a colored man of some prominence and reputed to be a colored preacher, was given a trial before Justice Furlong yesterday on a charge of having misplaced a trunk which was entrusted to his care as a hack driver to be taken to the railroad station by Victoria Larkins, colored. Shell was arrested a few days ago by Deputy Sheriff John W. Smith who is reported to have found him sitting high in church while services were going on.

The case created great interest among the colored people of Shell's congregation and many of them were present for the trial yesterday afternoon. Both sides were represented by counsel Herbert McClammy, Esq., appearing for the hackman-preacher, and Walter P. Gafford, Esq., for the prosecuting witness. It developed just in time to save Shell from a very embarrassing position that the trunk which was lost, turned up at the Coast Line station. It appears that Shell had been guilty of no wrong doing and that he had delivered the trunk to the depot, and that it had been put on the Newbern train and carried there by mistake. On this presentation of the case, Shell was promptly acquitted and the woman paid the costs of the action.

Shell was very indignant that he should have been haled to court on a charge of larceny and consulted Justice Borneman as to bringing an action against her for perjury. It was shown, however, that the woman swore out the warrant in good faith and Justice Borneman for the present stated that he would not issue a warrant.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds Which Appear From Record as Filed at Court House Yesterday.

George E. Foreman, of Wayne, Pa., to Mary F. Jackson and Nellie A. Foreman, for $267.07, one-third undivided interest in property on west side of Tenth, 165 feet, North of Princess street, 56x165 feet in size.

Frank R. King to Mrs. W. E. Perdew, for $10 and other considerations, property on east side of Seventh 32 1-2 feet north of Grace street, 32 1-2x75 feet in size.

W. E. Perdew and wife to F. M. Pridgen for $1,500, same property described above.

Offering For The Orphans.

The month of November is usually set apart in St. Paul's Lutheran Church for the orphan cause. Contributions in kind and in cash will be gathered this year and sent to the Home in Salem, Va., A committee of ladies will be at the Memorial Building this afternoon and to-morrow afternoon to receive contributions for this worthy cause. This committee will send the gifts in kind at once, so that they may reach the children before Thanksgiving Day. Those desiring to contribute to the Orphan children will please bring or send their gits to the Memorial Building between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock.

The Old Man Released.

The old white man, W. F. Fennell, who has been detained at the police station because of unfortunate language used on the streets here a few days ago about killing certain high officials, was released yesterday after an inquiry into his mental condition by Col. John D. Taylor. It was decided there was no harm in the old fellow, who is a traveling chiropodist and made use of such language as "butcher" and the like in connection with his profession. His home is said to be in St. Louis.

Clark-Bellamy Wedding.

Many Wilmington people are at Tarboro, N. C., to attend the marriage of Miss Sue Clark, of that city, and Mr. Marsden Bellamy, Jr., of this city, which will take place at 6 o'clock this evening in Christ's Episcopal church there. Mr. and Mrs. Bellamy, Sr., Mrs. R. C. DeRosset, Miss Alice Borden, Dr. and Mrs. E. J. Wood, Dr. R. H. Bellamy and Messrs. E. T. Taylor, Jack Bellamy, Harry Crosswell and B B. Jackson were among those who left yesterday to attend the wedding.

Academy Offering Last Night.

Miss Rose Mayo in the "Princess of Paris" at the Academy of Music last night was seen by a rather small audience. Miss Mayo as an actress was pronounced very good indeed, but the supporting company was not above the average. The engagement following the Barnum & Bailey Shows, was not a success from the point of the size of the audience.

CITY WATER SUPPLY

Report of Mr. George C. Whipple on Filtered Product of Local Plant.

FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSES

Series of Analytical Tests and Results of Same Set Forth—Process Employed and Results of Same —Official Statement.

Superintendent Wm. F. Robertson, of the Clarendon Water Works Company, has received from Mr. George C. Whipple, the eminent consulting engineer of New York, an official report upon the public water supply of the city as it is now being furnished from the new filtration plant just installed at a cost of something over $25,000. Mr. Whipple was chosen by the Clarendon Water Works Company to represent them in the construction and receiving of the plant from the Pittsburg contractors, who were under guarantee not only as to efficiency but as to quality of supply. Mr. Whipple spent much time in Wilmington during the construction of the filter and after its completion when a series of tests of the water was made. The matter is of such general public concern that the report of the engineer is given in full as follows:

"Mr. William F. Robertson, Superintendent, Clarendon Water Works Company, Wilmington, N. C.

"Dear Sir:—In accordance with your request I have made an examination of the mechanical filter recently built for your company by the Pittsburg Filter Company, with respect to its design, its thoroughness of construction and its ability to purify the water of your city in a satisfactory manner.

"I have already reported to you, verbally in regard to some of these matters, and I now wish to set before you the results of certain chemical and bacteriological tests which have been made in the course of my investigation.

"At the time of my inspection on September 19-24, the filter was not entirely completed, although it was in operation. No provision had been made for using soda ash in connection with the sulphate of alumina as a coagulant. Nevertheless, during this period the results of filtration were of such character as to assure the success of the mode of treatment adopted. During this period I made a few determinations of the turbidity, color and alkalinity of the water before and after filtration. It was thought best not to make further tests until after the plant had been fully completed. In accordance with this arrangement the tests were discontinued until October 17th, when the plant having been formally offered to your company as completed, analyses were begun by my representative, Mr. Melville C. Whipple. For a period covering one week samples of water were collected three times a day from the Cape Fear river and from the clear water well, the latter represents the final affluent of the filter plant and the water sent to the city. These samples were tested for turbidity, color, alkalinity, odor, incrustants, total hardness, and for the number of bacteria per cubic centimeter which they contain. The results of these analyses are shown in the accompanying table. Finally samples of raw and filtered water were collected and sent to our laboratory in Brooklyn for the purpose of making complete chemical analyses. The results of these analyses are given in the accompanying tables. The first four days of the test showed so plainly that the quality of the filtered water was satisfactory that during the remaining period experiments were made to determine how little coagulant could be safely applied without impairing the results of filtration. Averages have therefore been computed for the first four days of the test, during which chemicals were being applied in proper amounts, and for the last three days when those amounts were purposely reduced.

"Before describing the results of the test it may be proper to refer to the character of the raw water. The source of supply is the northeast branch of the Cape Fear river, the pumping station being located at a point something over one mile from the city. A short distance below the pumping station the northeast branch unites with the northwest branch of the Cape Fear river. Both rivers rise and fall daily with the tide. On the ebb tide the water pumped to the city is derived wholly from the northeast branch; on the flood tide the water pumped represents a mixture of the water in the two rivers backed up by the tide. The water is liable to be

(Continued on Page Four.)

CHARGES OF LARCENY

Negro Who Robbed Express Company Before Justice Furlong Yesterday For Preliminary Trial—Committed to Jail Under Bond.

Seven separate and distinct counts of larceny were preferred yesterday in Justice Furlong's court against Walter Moore, the negro porter arrested Saturday afternoon on a charge of systematically robbing the Southern Express Company for the past several months of his employment by that company. The negro appeared in court with a Bible in his hand and affected a religiously penitent attitude. He was represented by Herbert McClammy and William J. Bellamy, Esqs. and through them, he waived examination and was bound over to the Superior Court in bonds of $50 in each case.

The goods that Moore is alleged to have stolen from the Express company were piled high on a table in the justice's office and several owners of the property in transit called during the afternoon and claimed their articles. The express company has settled with other consignees for shipments lost and represented in the plunder taken from the negro. The goods for the most part were recovered by Constable Savage from the negro's house up town. There were coats, vests, trousers, rugs, shirts, suspenders, whiskey in jugs and bottles, cigars, etc. While all the goods the negro is believed to have stolen have not been recovered, the company may account itself fortunate in the amount that was found by Mr. Savage. It is believed that the black man had no accomplice andthat he carried on the wholesale theft alone. The wonder is that the theif was not captured before as it seems that his operations were all in the day time, the articles being secreted about the building until he went home at night. Moore is a negro of some pretentions and was formerly employed as a driver for Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy. He has borne an unquestionable good character up to this time and without outlining their defense, the attorneys say that they will be able to clear him of the present accusation.

REPORT ON THE JAIL.

Board of Physicians Tender Their Report to Proper Authorities.

The board of physicians of the county which recently made an examination of the county jail at the request of the committee from the Board of County Commissioners yesterday furnished its official report to the proper authorities and the same will be formally transmitted to the full Board of Commissioners at its next meeting. Until the report is so transmitted, it will not be made public as the committee does not feel it the proper thing to do to give the matter out until it is submitted to the full board.

It is understood that the report, while it does not deal in violent language, makes a number of recommendations as to the plumbing and ventilation of the prison which the Commissioners will no doubt put into effect at once. A variety of diet for the prisoners is understood to be recommended, although the diet as now being furnished is recognized as that required under the code. Under the plan of the improvements contemplated in the jail by the Commissioners it is expected that the prison will be in much better condition than ever before, many of the evils now complained of being no doubt attributable to the crowded condition of the place.

Chief Engineer Cutcheon Transferred.

Chief Engineer N. E. Cutcheon, of the United States Revenue Cutter Seminole stationed at this port, has been transferred from the Seminole to Newport News where he will have shore duty in looking after the construction of the new cutter recently authorized for the service in the sounds of North Carolina around Newbern. Chief Cutcheon's successor has arrived and taken charge.

Two Small Fires Yesterday.

Between 8 and 9 o'clock yesterday morning some trash burning under the furnace at the Union School building, called the Department out in response to an alarm by telephone. No damage was done. At 9:30 a. m. an alarm from box 49 called the Department to 510 South Fourth street, owned by Mr. James Owen Reilly and occupied by Charity Parker. Only trifling damage

They Came to Blows.

Because of a business difference of several months standing, Mr. T. J. Gore and Capt. Herbert Ward, both well known on the wharf, came to blows in the store yesterday morning. They were separated by friends before any harm was done.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH

Remarkable Turn in Telephone Situation Developed at State Capital.

RATES WERE NOT INCREASED

McIver Monument Fund—Former Wilmington Man is in Trouble at Newbern—Deaf and Dumb Institute—Other News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 13.—A rather remarkable turn has developed in a movement inaugurated here some weeks ago by the Southern Bell Telephone company to increase the charge for special wire single station residence service here from $18 per year to $24 per year. Seventy odd of the 105 subscribers to this class of service had signed the new contracts providing the increase, and some of the remaining raised a kick to that extent that the matter came to the attenion of General Manager W. T. Gentry at Atlanta and he makes the announcement that the proposition to raise the rates was all a mistake, due to an inadvertence in the contract department of the Bell Company. So all who have signed the new contracts will be released and the rate will go back to the original charge of $18. A number of stations which had been taken out because the subscribers refused to sign the new contracts will be reinstated at the old rental.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction J. Y. Joyner as treasurer of the Charles D. McIver Memorial Fund is receiving contributions daily. Over $50 came in to-day. One check was for $25 and there was a letter containing 75 cents sent by three little girls. Mr. Joyner says this is a fair illustration of the manner in which the money is coming in.

A special to the Evening Times from Newbern this afternoon says: "H. E. Guy, a young man, was brought here from Vanceboro last night and put in the county jail on the charge of seduction. He is foreman of a gang of men working on the Raleigh & Pamlico Sound Railway and was formerly a member of the police force in Wilmington. The State's principal witness is Mrs. Mary Whitford.

"While coming to this city in a boat under the custody of the village constable Guy made a break and jumped overboard, thinking he would escape, but he was caught in a short time. He waived examination and was held for court under $500 bail."

At a meeting of the directors of the Blind Institute for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind last night it was decided to erect an ice and refrigerating plant to cost $2,330 and also to purchase a new set of instruments for the institution band, which is considered one of the best bands in the State. Bettie Harris, colored, was chosen as matron of the boys' department at the institution for the colored race, the former matron having been dropped.

Judge and Mrs. Thomas R. Purnell left this morning for Norfolk where they will spend several days with their daughters, Mrs. Drewry of Norfolk and Mrs. Riddle in Portsmouth.

LUMBER ATTACHED.

Four Million Feet Levied Upon in Proceedings Yesterday.

Four milion feet of lumber belonging to the Angola Lumber Company in this city, was attached yesterday by the Cape Fear Machine Works, of Wilmington, upon a writ secured in the Superior Court upon a suit to enforce the collection of a claim for $3,248.57 alleged to be due the plaintiff for work on what is described as Engine No. 38 belonging to the company. The Angola Lumber Company and its allied corporation the Inter-State Lumber Company, against both of which the action was brought, at once gave bond for twice the amount involved and the case will be fought out in court, a difference over the bill for the work being the alleged reason for its non-payment before.

The action was brought by ex-Judge E. K. Bryan, counsel for the Cape Fear Machine Works, and the affidavit upon which the attachment is based is furnished by Mr. R. S. Collins, secretary and treasurer of the company. The affidavit sets forth that the defendants are not corporations of this state and are justly indebted to the plaintiffs in the amount named; that the same has been due and payable since May 24th 1906 and that demand had been made for the sum. Herbert McClammy, Esq., represents the defendant companies and will fight the case in the Superior Court. The attachment was served by Deputy W. Harvey Cox, from the Sheriff's office.

Read Star Business Locals.

The Morning Star.

Founded In 1867.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD,
Owner and Editor.

WILMINGTON. N. C.

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Wednesday Morning, Nov. .

PUNISHMENT BY DISCHARGE.

The Washington Post in the following throws out some hints of a very serious nature:

"Considering its importance and its unprecedented character, there has been very little said about the President's wholesale discharge of three companies of colored troops in order to punish for riotous conduct a few individual members, whose identity could not be ascertained, because their comrades refused to tell on them. Public sympathy will be entirely with the President in desiring to punish the outrages committed. That men enlisted for the purpose of maintaining good order and protecting citizens in their homes and rights should themselves become the brutal and wanton assailants of both cannot be too sternly reprobated, and the guilty parties, if ascertained, too severely dealt with. Undoubtedly, too, every one, under all circumstances, is bound to disclose all he knows of the violation of the law and not to shield the guilty, but there has always existed in all sorts of organizations a sentiment which has plainly received no small degree of public approval, that it was justifiable for comrades closely associated to shield each other. Not to do so has been widely regarded as disloyal and dishonorable. Such refusals to testify have been not infrequent at West Point and Annapolis, and no class has ever been expelled on that account. It has always been the general theory of the law that it was better that ten guilty men should escape rather than that one innocent one should suffer. Similar infractions of discipline have never been dealt with in such a way in the army. When in the State of Washington members of the Fourth Cavalry took from jail and hanged a man who had killed one of their number, and it could not be learned who the culprits were, the colonel of the regiment was court-martialed and punished as the responsible head of the command.

"In further reason for mitigation of drastic action against the companies, it may be said that their general record for discipline and conduct was good, and that they had borne themselves ost creditably in action. Furthermore, while the President's power to discharge a soldier cannot be questioned, it was not conferred for purposes of punishment, but to enable him, when circumstances justified it, to release an enlisted man from his obligation. Punishment is supposed to follow a trail. When to a discharge, ordered as a matter of punishment, is added, as in this case, penalties which cannot be inflicted without due process of law, it is an innovation not a little startling and likely to be challenged.

"If the President can arbitrarily without trial, deprive a citizen, who happens for the time being to be a soldier, of the right to enter the military service of the country or any civil branch of it as long as he lives, as he has assumed to do in this case, why may he not deprive him of citizenship or of property or even of life?"

If the men discharged by the President are guilty the President did right in discharging every one of them but not until they had their day in court. It was true that an investigation was made by Gen. J. C. Garlington, a South Carolinan and a very competent officer, and it was upon his report that the three companies of negro troops were dissmised. They had no trial and we doubt even if they are every one guilty, whether the President had any authority to deprive them of what is apparently a constitution right in two senses of the word—both their right to serve in the army and certainly their right to a trial according to due process of law. No doubt some of the negro soldiers are guilty of the crime at Brownsville and others are guilty of shielding their comrades who committed the crime, but in all probobility some of the men who are to suffer dismissal from the army and deprived of the right to vote are entirely innocent. It will be noted that the President's order not only dismisses them without trial in court, but deprives them of another constitutional privilege—the right to vote. If the Prseident can do that he has the power almost of one of the monarchs of Europe.

Read Star Business Locals.

FOR JAPANESE EXCLUSION.

The people not only of San Francisco, but of California are opposed to being forced to admit Japanese pupils to the white public schools. That is not all, for they will resist it to the end. It is announced from San Francisco in a dispatch on Thursday that it will proably startle most Easterners to learn that a California Representative in Congress is almost certain to present at the coming session a bill demanding the exclusion of the Japanese from this country under practically the same laws under which the Chineses are at present barred out.

Concerning the school question The New York World says:

"Judge Wolverton of the United States Circuit Count, has issued an order to the San Francisco board of education to show cause why it should not be compelled to reinstate a Japanese pupil excluded from the Pacific Heights Grammar School. The ground on which the application was made to the court was that the order of the board of education excluding Japanese children from the public schools was in violation of the of the constitution of the United States and of the treaty between the United States and Japan. This contention is made under section 2 of article 6, which declares that:

"The constitution and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof and all treaties made, or which shall be made under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land, and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anythng in the constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

"If the San Francisco board of education can exclude Japanese children it can exclude English, French or German children, regardless of treaties entered into with the United States government. Presumably it would never undertake to do such a thing, but the principle is the same. A decision of the United States Supreme Court on this issue might have an important bearing on all the laws and ordinances adopted in various States on accrint of race or color prejudice. For example, if the city of San Francisco cannot lawfully exclude Japanese children from the pubic schools, can the State of South Carolina compel negroes from the West Indies, who are British subjects to ride in Jim Crow cars? An entirely new aspect of the relations of the Federal Government to the race question is presented by these California proceedings and it is conceivable that the decision of the court may be of great political importance, domestic as well as foreign."

CURRENT COMMENT.

Oklahoma's fitness for Statehood is again doubted since she went Democratic.—Washington Post.

—We understand that the services of Gov. Glenn will be secured in the Atlanta prohibition fight. Atlanta is wise in securing such men, for prohibition has no stronger advocate in the South.—Charlotte News.

—After everybody else is through expressing an opinion on the recent election. Grover Cleveland may condescend to unroll a few ponderous sentences for the benefit of a palpitating Democracy.—Washington Post.

—Mr. W. A. Garrett, the new general manager and first vice president of the Seaboard Air Line, has notified the heads of all departments that he will make no changes, but that he will count upon every man for a hearty support and co-operation necessary to make the Seaboard a great system. Mr. Garrett starts well, and those who know him best understand that he will keep the faith. Mr. Barr being no longer a director, will not interfere even if he so desired, and there is the assurance that the company will make a fresh start and endeavor to prove its usefulness and helpfulness to the South.—Raleigh Times.

—The people of Arizona expressed their opinion last Tuesday of the proposal to force them into a union with New Mexico. As was expected by everybody, with the exception of those who were instrumental in enacting the burder known as the Statehood act, Arizona rejected the proposal by an overwhelming vote. Neither the threat of territorial exile nor the bribe of $5,000,000 in cash was sufficient to bring it into line. Arizona has now made it plain that it will have nothing but separate Statehood and that it is willing to wait for it. The people of New Mexico share this view to a great extent, as shown by the vote. They were by no means unanimous in desiring joint Statehood.—Washington Post.

TWINKLINGS.

—Who was that fool you bowed to?" "My husband." Oh, er—I humbly apologize—I—" "Never mind, I am not angry. But what a keen observer you are.'—Cleveland Leader.

—"John, I've lost our marriage certificate." "Oh, never mind; any of those receipted millinery bills will prove the ceremony."—Judge.

—'Mabel" said the girl's mother, Mr. Sloman has been coming to see you for quite a long while. What are his intentions?" "Well,' replied Mabel. I think he intends to keep on coming.—Philadelphia Press.

"—But, she says she's economical." Oh, yes, her economy is the common or garden variety. Like most of 'em she saves pennies on necessities in order to spend dollars on luxuries."—Philadelphia Press.

—Why are women afraid of mice? Although that problem has claimed the attention of the greatest philosophers, it must be admitted that we as much at loss for a scientific and psychological reason as was Adam after the first field mouse of the tribe drove Eve up a tree—New York Globe.

Lewis Carroll and Miss Thomson.

Miss E. Gertrude Thomson, the artist, tells the following anecdote of the author of "Alice In Wonderland:" In 1878 she received a letter written in a singularly boyish, legible hand, sent from Christchurch, Oxford, and signed by C. L. Dodgson. The writer said he had come across some fairy designs of hers, and he should like to see more of her work. Some one informed her that the writer was Lewis Carroll. He asked to be allowed to call upon her, but when he came she was out, so they arranged a meeting in South Kensington museum.

She wondered how she should recognize him in the usual crowd or he her. She watched carefully, but saw no one she thought could be the author of her favorite book.

Finally she heard high, vivacious voices approaching and the laughter of children. A gentleman entered, two little girls clinging to his hands. She knew him instantly. He stood for a moment, head erect, and glanced swiftly round the room. Then he bent down and whispered something to one of the children. After a moment's pause she pointed straight at Miss Thomson.

He at once came forward with extended hand.

"I am Mr. Dodgson. I was to meet you, I think?"

"How did you know me?" she asked.

"My little friend found you. I told her, I had come to meet a young lady who knew fairies, and she fixed on you at once. But I knew you before she spoke."

The Moth and the Candle.

"If we had always had electric lights and never lamps or candles," said Mr. Goslington, "the traditional illustration of the moth and the candle, as applied to men and women and the giddy flame of life, might never have been invented, for the moth cannot singe its wings in the glow of an incandescent burner. Moved by whatever impulse, it seeks this light just as it always sought the candle and just as humans have always sought and still are seeking the flame that draws them to their destruction, but now the moth that is drawn to an electric light cannot, however eager it may be, cast itself into the flame.

"It throws itself at the light, only to encounter that protecting glass bulb. It flutters up in the narrow space between the bulb and the encircling shade and beats its wings and throws itself about in an effort to get in there, and it flutters out and flies around the shade and then comes back to the bulb.

"It may bruise its body and mar the bloom on its silky wings, but here it is in some measure protected against itself. The gentle moth attracted by the glitter cannot from this light fall maimed and broken as at the candle's base.

"Would that some such shield could be set up for the protection of the thoughtless flutterers round the flame of life."—New York Sun.

Made Happy For Life.

Great happiness came into the home of S. C. Blair, school superintendent, at St. Alban's, W. Va., when his little daughter was restored from the dreadful complaint he names. He says: "My little daughter had St. Vitus' Dance, which yielded to no treatment but grew steadily worse until as a last resort we tried Electric Bitters; and I rejoice to say three bottles effected a complete cure." Quick, sure cure for nervous complaints, general debility, female weaknesses, impoverished blood and malaria. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy's drug store. Price 50c.

THE PEOPLE ALL

In Chorus Cried, Give Us Newbro's Herpicide.

This word of late has been in everyone's mouth, and many are wondering what the word signifies, though no one has yet been found, who will deny that NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE does the work. Well, for the information of thousands of people who like to know all about a good thing, we would say that HERPICIDE means, a destroyer or killer of "Herpes," Now "Herpes" is the family name of a disease caused by various vegetable parasites. A similar microbe causes dandruff, itching scalp, and falling hair; this is the microbe that NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE promptly destroys; after which the hair grows. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

HARDIN'S PHARMACY, Special Agent

AN CANTAB THREE
ARROW
Clupeco Shrunk Quarter Size Collar
1½ each, 2 for 25c
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
Mkrs of Cluett and Monarch Shirts

APACHE INDIANS ARE IN DISTRESS

Are Starving and Have to Subsist on Cactus and Herbs—Governor of Arizona Says Due to Laziness.

Washington Post, Nov., 12.

Many families of the White Mountain Apache Indians in Arizona are living on cactus and herbs and are in acute distress for lack of food according to a statement by Joseph H. Kibbey, governor of the territory, in his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior. The Apaches have been existing on a light diet for months.

Their condition is due in part to the fact that they dislike work, and to the further fact that the tribe is situated remotely from the railroads and its members are compelled to travel long distances from their homes to find employment. The bucks are as much averse to travel as they are to work.

The Indians of Arizona comprise 14 per cent of the population of the Territory. They contribute 3 per cent of the convicts in the Territorial penitentiary. These figures prove, the governor thinks, that Arizona Indians are peaceable and law-abiding.

Unusual prosperity for the mining industry characterizes the fiscal year ended June 30 last. On this point, Governor Kibbey said:

"'Copper mining particularly has had and has the proportions of a veritable "boom." From the best figures obtainable I estimate that the production of copper in this territory for the present calendar year will aggregate 300,000,000 pounds, which would be worth at the average New York price at least $54,000,000."

Governor Kibbey devotes a chapter of his report to the subject of taxation, which was one of the most discussed features of Territorial conditions in the hearings on the Statehood question before Congressional committees last winter. The governor admits that the subject is perplexing, and the efforts of the past year to secure a more equal distribution of the burdens of taxation have emphasized the statement.

There was much criticism of the assessment of the Territorial board, particularly that of mining and railroad properties. Gov. Kibbey estimates the value of the mines in Arizona at $100,000,000.

MARY AGNES PERRY.

Mrs. Charles Perry, of Glens Falls, N. Y., writes: "I wish I could induce every mother who has a weak sickly child to try that delicious cod liver oil preparation, Vinol. Our little daughter had lost flesh, was thin, pale and sickly, and nothing seemed to do her any good. Having heard of Vinol we decided to try it, and the results were marvelous. It restored her appetite and she is gaining in weight right along; the color has returned to her cheeks and she seems stronger than she has for years."

Every mother in Wilmington is asked to try Vinol. It certainly does make children robust, strong and healthy. Vinol is a pure cod liver and tonic iron preparation without a drop of oil to upset the stomach and retard its work. It is delicious to the taste and children love it.

We have never sold anything in our store equal to Vinol to create strength for old people, weak, sickly women and children. R. R. Bellamy, druggist.

Note—While we are sole agents for Vinol in Wilmington, it is now for sale at the leading drug store in nearly every town and city in the country. Look for the Vinol agency in your town.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.

A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. Its Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

OYSTERS

Just received some of the celebrated Lynhaven Bay Oysters in the shell.

Call at Atlantic Cafe.

GIESCHEN BROS., Prop's.

DR. H. O. HYATT,
Successor to Dr. W. C. GALLOWAY,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Office Over Myrehison Nat. Bank,
Wilmington, N. C.
Office Hours: 9. A. M. to 6 P. M
oct 23 1 mo

Does What Other Stoves Fail to Do
In almost every house there is a room that the heat from the other stoves or furnace fails to reach. It may be a room on the "weather" side, or one having no heat connection. It may be a cold hallway. No matter in what part of the house—whether room or hallway—it can soon be made snug and cozy with a
PERFECTION
Oil Heater
(Equipped with Smokeless Device)
Unlike ordinary oil heaters the Perfection gives satisfaction always. First and foremost it is absolutely safe—you cannot turn the wick too high or too low. Gives intense heat without smoke or smell because equipped with smokeless device. Can be easily carried from room to room. As easy to operate as a lamp. Ornamental as well as useful. Made in two finishes—nickel and japan. Brass oil fount beautifully embossed. Holds 4 quarts of oil and burns 9 hours. There's real satisfaction in a Perfection Oil Heater. Every heater warranted. If not at your dealer's write our nearest agency for descriptive circular.
The Rayo Lamp makes the home bright. Is the safest and best lamp for all-round household use. Gives a clear, steady light. Fitted with latest improved burner. Made of brass throughout and nickel plated. Every lamp warranted. Suitable for library, dining room, parlor or bedroom. If not at your dealer's write to nearest agency.
STANDARD OIL COMPANY

AGENTS FOR

School Shoes

SHOES

that will stand hard knocks. We have them in many shapes and kinds.

Sole Agents for Lenox School Shoes

A large lot of Krippendorf-Dittman Co.'s Cincinnati Shoes for Ladies.

Douglas and Florsheim Shoes for Men.

See them before buying elsewhere.

Save your purchase tickets and get a useful premium.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans Co
sept 21 tf

Large stock of Groceries of all kinds at Lowest Market Prices.

Sam'l Bear, Sr., & Sons,

18 Market St.

Wilmington, No. Car.
no4-tf

MAXWELL Automobiles.

ARE STANDARD.
FRANK HERBST, Sole Agent.

Garage and sales rooms 110 South Second Street. 9 12 tf

HELLO! HELLO! WHO'S THAT?

THE ONLY RESTAURANT
Electric Fans.
Coolest Place in Town

Why pay 50c a meal at other places when you can get the quickest service and best meal for 25c at the

The Only Retaurant,
118 Market Street.

Fish! Fish!

150 Bbls. Mullets just arrived; good quality and reasonable prices. Send in your orders at once---will treat you right.

BROOKS & TAYLOR.
Phone 478 Wilmington, N. C.
Nov 1-tf.

FRESH CEMENT.

300 barrals Lehigh Cement.
1,200 sacks Atlas Cement.
450 barrels Lime.
400 sacks Wood Fiber Plaster.
150,000 Shingles.
50,000 Standard Laths.
75,000 No. 2 Laths.
Fire Brick, Clay, Etc.
Orders solicited.

W. B. THORPE & CO
Phone 789 Foot of Ann Street.
sept 23 tf

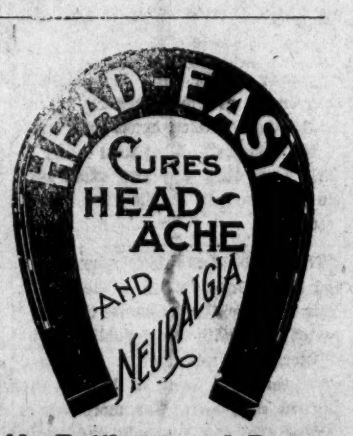
Harris Lithia Water

The strongest Lithia Water known and

Harris' Lithia Ginger Ale.

The best in the market.
A trial will convince you.

H. L. VOLLERS.
fe25-tf



10c Bottles . . . 2 Doses
25c Bottle . . . . 8 Doses
Ask your dealer for it.
july20-tf

Quick Delivery

We have had folks leave prescriptions with us to be filled and walk right home and find the finished prescription when they got there. We are quick—Our messenger is quick. Hurry to us with your prescriptions.
No prescriptions filled only by a Registered Druggist.

J. Frank Jarman,
Phone 644. 107 Princess.
July 1-tf

LONDON BRIDGE.

It Was Over Seven Years In Building and Cost $10,000,000.

On Aug. 1, 1831, London bridge, substantially the structure that we know, was opened in state by William IV. and Queen Adelaide. The opening was made the occasion of a great water pageant, the king and queen coming to the bridge by water in a resplendent royal barge. They lunched on the bridge itself in a special pavilion. The building of the bridge occupied more than seven years, the first pile being driven on March 15, 1824, and the first stone laid about a year later. The cost was almost £2,000,000. This bridge was built 180 yards farther west than the old London bridge, which had been in existence almost a thousand years.

It is believed that in early Roman times there was a bridge of boats over the Thames. This gave place to a strong narrow structure built by the Roman occupiers on wooden piles. The remains of this Roman bridge were discovered when the present bridge was built. The Roman bridge was burned in 1136, but was repaired. In 1167 the Norman London bridge was begun by Peter, rector of Colechurch, in the reign of King Henry II. It was not completed until 1209, a period of forty-two years. In 1282 there was a terrible fire on the bridge, both ends burning furiously, while 3,000 persons were caught between the two fires and either burned to death or drowned. In the fifteenth century there were houses on both sides of the bridge, just as there are on the Ponte Vecchio, in Florence, at the present time. In Tudor times the heads of political offenders were stuck over the gates of the bridge. One traveler has recorded the fact that he witnessed no fewer than 300 of these terrible trophies impaled at various parts of London bridge.

In the days of James I. the bridge had become the haunt of jewelers and other small merchants, as we see them on the old bridge over the Arno today. They succeeded the astrologers and fortune tellers who had settled there in Tudor days. The bridge suffered heavily in the great fire of London. In the eighteenth century all the old houses which stood upon it were removed for reasons of safety. Finally, the cost of the continuous repairs became so heavy that the bridge we now see was built and later on widened. For hundreds of years the traffic on the bridge has been so great that an old saw has it that no one can cross it without seeing a white horse.—Westminster Gazette.

Sunday Battles.

Some of the most important battles by land and sea have been fought on Sundays, and the first day, so far as warfare is concerned, has proved anything but a day of rest. The most important Sunday battle on land was Waterloo, which caused the final overthrow of the great Napoleon, while at sea Lord Howe inflicted a serious defeat on the French naval forces on Sunday, the 1st of June, 1794. Inkerman, the "soldiers' battle," was another Sunday victory. It was fought on Nov. 5, 1854, between the British and French against the Russians, when 8,000 British repulsed a force of 25,000 Russians, of whom 9,000 were killed and wounded. Among other important Sunday battles were Ramillies, one of Marlborough's great victories, which was fought on Whitsunday, May 23, 1706; Oudenarde, on Sunday, July 11, 1708, and Malplaquet, on Sunday, Sept. 11, 1709. The battle of Vimiera was fought on Sunday, Aug. 21, 1808, and it was on Sunday, Jan. 19, 1812, that Wellington issued the brief but determined order, "Ciudad Rodrigo must be carried by assault this evening at 7 o'clock." The Indian mutiny broke out at Meerut on Sunday, May 10, 1857, while Kars was carried by assault by the Russians on Sunday, Nov. 18, 1877.

When London Did Shake.

Writing in 1587, a chronicler tells of a sudden earthquake in England that did a good deal of damage among the churches in London: "The great clock bell in the palace at Westminster strake of itself against the hammer with the shaking of the earth, as divers other clocks and bells in the steeples of the city of London and elsewhere did the like. A piece of the Temple church fell down, and some stones fell from St. Paul's church, and at Christ's church, near to Newgate market, in the sermon while, a stone fell from the top of the same church, which stone killed out of hand one Thomas Grey, an apprentice, and another stone fell on his fellow servant, named Mabel Everett, and so bruised her that she lived but four days after. This earthquake endured in or about London, not passing one minute of an hour, and was no more felt. But afterward in Kent and on the seacoast it was felt three times." It goes without saying that the people all fell a-praying.

A Child's Way of Putting It.

Impressionism without precocity often distinguishes the untaught literary craftsmanship of childhood. A sentence from a little schoolgirl's essay quoted by T. E. Harvey in a pamphlet on "The London Boy's Saturday" is a striking instance. Every one who has seen a bank of bluebells (wild hyacinth) will have noticed the peculiar vapory quality of the color. This twelve-year-old girl expresses it thus: "There were a lot of hyacinths growing, and the air about a yard from the ground looked quite blue." The transference of the color from the flowers to the air gives the effect with the touch of a literary artist. Children are sometimes equally skillful in striking off a difficult definition. It was a Manchester schoolboy who in answer to the question, "What is a hint?" replied tersely, "Half a tell."—Manchester Guardian.

OUR BUSINESS

This Season

Has Been an Agreeable Surprise to Us.

Considering the short cotton crops in the country, the low prices prevailing in the lumber market and the scarcity of money throughout the country, we were very much afraid that we would have a very large fall off in business this season which we did not feel that we could afford to accept.

We double our esolution, bought heavier in every department, made profits smaller and felt that we would make an effort to outdo any previous year.

The immense stock of goods that we carry, extra values we are offering with the additional help of the best kind, our sales now have run away ahead of last season.

We have hundreds of customers, but we want more.

In our store is arranged a splendid premium department that belongs directly to us.

These premiums are in charge of a young lady who keeps them in perfect order and redeems your stamp book or your punch card with pleasure.

We do not feel as if it is something given away. Simply this; we give you what others give us. We pay cash and get the discount and give it to you. Ask to see the premiums we have to give and we feel sure you will find it to your advantage to buy goods from us.

Compare our prices in any line and you will find them much less than those of our competitors.

In our millinery department we trim all hats we sell free and give and give you the lining and box extra.

Our cloak and fur department has been a wonderful success.

The sales girl in this department carries the blue ribbon of the town.

We think we sell as many cloaks as all the rest of the town put together. There are two reasons why we should do so, first; we carry the stock which makes it worth your while to examine before buying elsewhere. Second: our prices are not matched. If ladies are looking around to buy a cloak and get the prices first from other stores, e sell the cloak, and also the furs. This line is an elegant one. Our stock in furs runs as low as 98c each for fur collars. We are also offering clipped Cony Furs with nine tails in black at $2.25 and in brown at $2.98 which is the natural colors with no dye. The sable fox with two large tails we are showing at $5.50 and the double fox without the heads at $9.75. We have these in collarette shapes, with head and two tails hanging down the back and two whole foxes for the front. We have a full assortment in fur collars and muffs from $4 a set to $24 a set. Also a beautiful line of children's furs with collars and muffs to match, as low as $2.25 a set up to $8 a set.

Our fur department is stocked from the best houses in the United States and none of them are cheap, shoddy furs, but well made and in the latest and prettiest shapes. Examine our stock and it will surprise you to see how cheap they are.

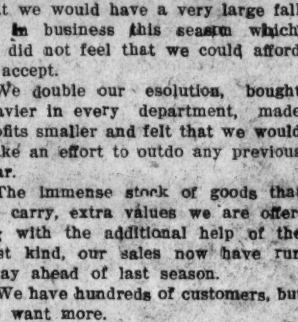
The young ladies in the millinery department would be glad to have you see their line of hats, ribbons and velvets. They are very busy but we can take good care of you if you care to give us a trial. There is not a day passes that we do not receive new goods in this department. New hats direct from the factory, new velvets in all colors. We have a beautiful velvet at 75c a yard, a very good one at 50c a yard and up, a splendid assortment of ribbons at all prices. We are showing a real nice plaid ribbon at 10c, 15c, 19c and 25c a yard; No 100 Dreden ribbon at 10c and we handle a big line of fine ribbons width 200 which we sell for 19c, 25c and 35c a yard. Also a special line of black ribbon.

In our ladies' and children's underwear department you will find almost everything from the tiniest infant's wrapper up to the largest No. 9 vest made. To buy underwear we will ask you to see our line. We control the Mentor line for this city, also the Snug Fit line and we have a full assortment of woolen and cotton union suits and red and white flannel vests and pants.

Ask for stamps with every purchase and spend your money where you can get the best value.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S

Depatment Stores. Three Stores Combined.



Read! Read!

It concerns you to know we have in stock pulleys 60 inches in diameter, belting 18 inches in width, also a full line of railway, mill and steamboat supplies. Give us a call. We are prepared to serve you.

Hyman Supply Co.

"Everything for the mill.
215 N. Front street.
Long distance phone 91. P. O. Box 261.
Oct 31-tf.

Atlantic National Bank.

This bank is interested in the welfare of its depositors, and is prepared to render them the assistance that is necessary to push their business enterprises to success. An account with the ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK will prove helpful in your monetary transactions. : :

Capital - - - - - $125,000
Surplus and Profits - - $225,000

oct 11 tf

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Everything You Could Think

Of in the way of

Wire Doors and Windows

and a great many things you never thought of, but of wnich you stand in need.

Why not give us a chance to convince you that money spent will result in satisfaction giving.

J. W. Murchison & Co.
may 25-tf

"BEST EVER"

Clothing and Gents Furnishings

Of Every Description, at the Right Prices.

Try Our Men's Nofit $4 Shoe

FOR GOOD WEAR AND UP-TO-DATE STYLES

J. W. H. FUCHS,

HEAD TO FOOT OUTFITER.

GUION & DAVIS

Barbers and Hair Dressers.

Are still at the old stand, No. 7 South Front street, where they are prepared, as usual, to serve the public in the best style. Everything necessary to the comfort and complete satisfaction of our patrons. tf

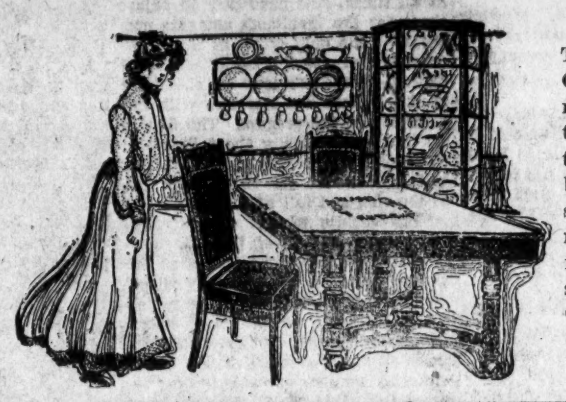
Parker & Sneed,

The Home Furnishers.

Never in the history of our business has the capacity of our big store been taxed as it is now. Every foot of space is literally jammed with some choice piece of Furniture which will add to the attraction of the home. Not the ordinary kind that is made to catch the eye, but the substantial kind and the very latest creations of the Furniture World and from the best makers in America. : : : : :

Dining Room Furniture.

Our line of Dining Room Furniture is particularly strong. We have just received a large shipment of Sideboards, Buffets, Side Tables, China Cabinets, and Chairs, in the different woods and of the very newest designs. : :



Two solid Cars of High-Grade Rocking Chairs now ready for inspection. Don't fail to look them over. They are beauties. 100 different styles and in all the newest designs and finish. Large line of Mission Chairs, in Flemish, Old English and Weathered Oak. : : : :

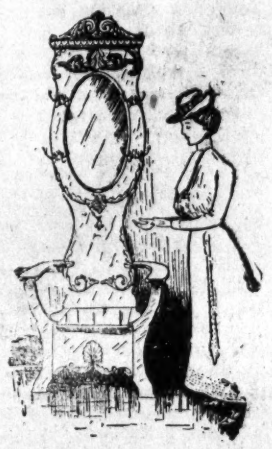
Don't Be Deceived!

Odd Dressers.

We are the exclusive Agents for Bernsteins famous 3-Piece Metal Beds and Ostermoor's celebrated Felt Mattresses. There are various kinds offered as substitutes for these standard makes, but remember they are like all imitations, can't stand the test, and our prices are the same as New York or Chicago.

You are invited to look through our stock. It will be a pleasure to show you and to add your name to our long list of satisfied customers. : : : :

Hall Furniture.



FOR SALE!

Three Good Mules

Suitable for farm or wagon use.

We have our usual line of seasonable goods:

SEED OATS.
SALMON.
FULL CREAM CHEESE.
CAKES AND CRACKERS.
BAGGING AND TIES.
SARDINES.

And a full stock of other groceries always on hand.

Hall & Pearsall.
(INCORPORATED)
oct 12 tf

HUGH MacRAE & CO.,

WE BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION

SOUTHERN SECURITIES,

COTTON MILL STOCKS.

North and South Carolina State Bonds.

TO THE LADIES

You are respectfully invited to visit our store on Saturday, Novemebr 10th when a representative of the H. J. Heinz Co. will be present to demonstrete the 57 varieties of good things for the table. Samples will be served and the merits of the food products will be explained.

Cape Fear Trading Co.,
J. B. TAYLOR, Manager.
Phone 1013. Fourth and Campbell Sts
n8-tf

THE SUREST WAY.

To Make Money is to Save it.

Start an account with us now und watch it grow. Ppompt and courteous attention assured. 4 per cent. interest allowed.

ATLANTIC TRUST and BANKING CO.,
Cor. Front and Chestnut.
sept 18 tf

WE HAVE MOVED

OWING to the fact that the little store at 111 Market street was not half large enough to accommodate our large stock and constantly increasing trade, we have moved to Nos. 129 Market and 19, 21, 21 1-2 North 2nd, where we will carry the largest and best assorted stock of Furniture and House Furnishings in Eastern Crolina. Our prices are possible only because of our carload cash purchases.

THE WILMINGTON FURNITURE CO.

WHOLESALE NO. 106 NORTH WATER STREET.
Retail Stores 129 Market, and 19, 21, 21½ N. 2nd St. Telephone No. 777.

REGAL

THE SHOE THAT PROVES

n All Styles. The Latest Toe.

Mail orders promptly filled; catalogue sent on request.

For either dress or everyday wear.

A. SHRIER, Agent

$3.50 $4.00

REGAL, THE SHOE THAT PROVES.

nov 11 tf

Morning Star Business Locals Bring Quick Results

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON. N. C.

Wednesday Morning, Nov. 14.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 14, 1906.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. Tuesday, November 13th.

Temperature at 8 A. M. 34 degrees. 8 P. M. 40 degrees; maximum 47 degrees; minimum 32 degrees; mean 40 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since first of month to date .72 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear River at 8 A. M. Monday 3.1 feet.

Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Wednesday, warmer in west portion; Thursday rain in West, fair warmer in east portion; variable winds.

Port Almanac—Nov. 14th.

Sun Rises	6:35 A. M.
Sun Sets	4:53 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs 23 min
High water at Southport	6:07 P. M.
High water at Wilmington	8:37 P. M.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Dr. J. G. Murphy, of Kenansville, was a guest at The Orton yesterday.

—Mr. J. H. Sullivan, of Asheville, was a guest at The Orton last night.

—Mr. J. P. H. Adams, of Raleigh, is a guest at The Orton.

Mr. H. P. Crawford and Dr. R. G. Rozier of Lumberton, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

—Mr. Edward Clark, Jr., of Charlotte, was a guest at The Orton yesterday.

—Messrs Warren Pierson and R. B. Walker, of Charlotte, are registered at the Purcell.

—Mr. E. D. Williams, of Chadbourn, was in the city yesterday and made a pleasant call at the Star office.

—Friends of Mr. James K. Collier will regret to know that he is still confined to his home and is quite sick.

—Mr. E. A. Hawes, Jr., of Atkinson, returned to his home yesterday after having spent several days in the city.

Charles L. Abernethy, Esq., of Beaufort, N. C., was among yesterday's arrivals and was a guest at The Orton.

—Mr. J. J. Croswell, the clever route agent of the Southern Express Company, was in the city yesterday on official business.

—Mrs. D. W. Bulluck and daughter, Miss Maude, have gone to New York where they will spend two weeks on a pleasure trip.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stedman and little daughter, Marie Winship, leave for Fayetteville this morning for a stay of two or three days.

—Mr. Percy Wells, of this city, who has been traveling with a carnival and fair attraction during the past season, has returned to Wilmington for the Winter. He is accompanied home by his wife.

PEPSI-COLA BOTTLING CO.

New Corporation Formed by Young Wilmington Business Men.

A certificate of incorporation for the Pepsi-Cola Bottling Company, of Wilmington, was received by the Clerk of the Superior Court yesterday. It is the corporation which will take over the Pepsi-Cola Bottling works in this city and perhaps others in this section. The incorporators are Messrs. L. L. Brinson, J. Walter Williamson and William M. Bellamy, Esq. The capital stock is $15,000 paid in and $25,000 authorized. The stock is divided into 150 shares of $100 each, 75 of which are held by Mr. Brinson, 70 by Mr. Williamson and five by Mr. Bellamy.

The purpose for the which the corporation is formed is stated to be the bottling and selling of Pepsi-Cola and all other beverages, including all kinds of mineral waters; buying and selling a general line of tobacco products; engaging in a general merchandise business and if desired, engaging in the brokerage and commission business.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over 60 years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no others. **

Had a Close Call.

"A dangerous surgical operation, involving the removal of a malignant ulcer, as large as my hand, from my daughter's hip, was prevented by the application of Bucklen's Arnica Salve," says A. C. Stickel, of Miletus, W. Va "Persistent use of the Salve completely cured it." Cures Cuts, Burns and Injuries. 25c at R. R. Bellamy, druggist.

CITY WATER SUPPLY

Continued from Page One.

more or less contaminated with the sewerage of the city. The waters of the two branches of the Cape Fear river differ markedly in their physical characteristics; that of the northeast branch is dark colored and comparatively clear, while that of the northwest branch is lighter colored and is somewhat more turbid. The chemical constituents of the two waters are not so different as would be expected from their physical appearance. The conditions are such that the character of the raw water is constantly changing. This makes it somewhat more difficult to adjust the proper amounts of chemicals to be used than is usually the case in mechanical filtration. In order to make sure that enough chemicals are added at all times, it is necessary to adjust these for the maximum amounts necessary. The only effect of this, however, is to involve a slight additional expense to the company for chemicals used. It does not interfere with the efficiency of the process. The figures on the accompanying sheet illustrate the extent of the fluctuations in color and turbidity of the raw water due to the rise and fall of the tide.

"The results of the turbidity observations made during the test showed that during the first four days the filtered water was practically clear. The average turbidity for the period was 0.8 against 23 for raw water. During this period the color was reduced from an average of 180 to 15, while the number of bacteria was reduced from 1717 to 49. The analyses shows a substantial reduction in the amount of dissolved organic matter and bacteria, and may be considered as satisfactory.

"Satisfactory filtration was accomplished by the use of 350 pounds of sulphate of alumina and 73 pounds of soda ash per million gallons, quantities which are much lower than are often found necessary in the north with waters as highly colored as that of the Cape Fear river. At no time during the period was any sulprate of alumina found in the filtered water, although tests were made three times daily. One effect of the use of these chemicals on the water supply is to increase the hardness about 8 parts per million. This is a matter which is of small consequence when compared with the great reduction in the amount of color and turbidity of the water and the improvement in its hygenic quality, as shown by the bacterial tests.

"During the last part of the tests, when the amount of chemicals was purposely reduced, the efficiency of filtration was made as satisfactory as could be expected. The average color was reduced from 227 to 31, while the number of bacteria was reduced from 1882 to 67. The tests which were made with reduced quantities of alum were particularly valuable from the standpoint of cost of operation, as they gave an indication of the minimum amounts of chemicals which could safely be applied.

"As a result of my tests I have no hesitation in saying that during the period covered by them the filtered water which was supplied to the city was safe and wholesome and satisfactory for all purposes of a domestic supply. The river water is naturally very soft, so that even after the slight increase in the hardness occasioned by the use of chemicals the water yet remains softer than most of the waters used in your state. It is much better to thus increase the hardness of the water by the use of soda than to run the danger that sulphate of alumina may be left in the filtered water. The arrangements for the application of chemicals are such that if proper care is used there is no danger whatever of the filtered water containing alum.

"The effect of the filtration of the public water supply ought to have a decided beneficial effect on the health of your city, as it not only eliminates any danger that might come from the occasional backing up of the city sewage into the northeast branch, but, by furnishing a water palatable and pleasing in appearance, it tends to prevent the use of well waters of miscellaneous origin, which in a thickly settled community are much more likely to be contaminated than the public water supply itself.

"Yours respectfully,
"GEORGE C. WHIPPLE."

LOCAL DOTS.

Dr. F. H. Russell, was yesterday granted a permit to build a dwelling to cost $500 on Castle, between Fifth and Sixth streets.

—There was no session of the police court yesterday. A number of defendants for trial had their cases continued until to-day.

—The schooner Horace P. Shares, 392 tons, Capt. Flynn, arrived yesterday from Perth Amboy with cargo of coal for the Springer Coal Company; vessel to C. D. Maffitt.

—There was nothing doing in spirits turpentine and rosin on the local market yesterday. There were sales of rosin after hours, however, at $3.80. The cotton market was quoted at 9 5-8 cents for middling.

We owe the young people of this country the best example and teaching that we chance to know. Take good advice—Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Tea or tablets 35 cents. J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

A SUBMARINE FOREST.

Wonders of the Offshore Sierras, a Coast Range of California.

Along the great blue current of Japan that sweeps down the California coast is strung a chain of islands. They are the summits of offshore sierras, a coast range of California that has been partly overwhelmed by the sea. All have a peculiar beard, or protecting growth of weed, that constitutes a perfect forest about them, a giant seaweed growing in water sixty or more feet in depth and forming a natural wave break and a home for countless marine animals. The vines are sometimes 100 feet in length, vast cables, with broad, crimpled leaves of a dark olive hue, which assume graceful shapes in the tide.

When the visitor peers down into the turquoise water the scene is often a revelation. A new world is opened up and the real beauties of oceanic or submarine scenery are appreciated. The great leaves are carried by the fitful currents that sweep these islands in every direction. Sometimes they are extended at full length and appear like a horde of green snakes. Again they lie down upon the surface, listless and drooping, taking myriads of shapes and forming nooks and corners of great beauty.

So attractive are these forests that what is known as the water glass has been elaborated into a glass bottomed boat, which has several large plate glass windows through which the passengers may look down into the kelp forests and view a panorama of the sea. These boats range in size from rowboats to sidewheel steamers, so arranged that they can float over the forest and view its wonders up and down the coast.—Chicago News.

PUMICE STONE.

The Product of Monte Chirica, on the Island of Lipari.

Pumice, as is well known, is of volcanic origin, being a trachytic lava which has been rendered light by the escape of gases when in a molten state. It is found on most of the shores of the Tyrhenian sea and elsewhere, but is at present almost exclusively obtained from the little island of Lipari. Most of the volcanoes of Lipari have ejected pumaceous rocks, but the best stone is all the product of one mountain, Monte Chirica, nearly 2,000 feet in height, with its two accessory craters. The district in which the pumice is excavated covers an area of three square miles. It has been calculated that about 1,000 hands are engaged in this industry, 600 of whom are employed in extricating the mineral.

Pumice is brought to the surface in large blocks or in baskets and is carried thus either to the neighboring village or to the seashore to be taken there in boats. The supply is said to be practically inexhaustible. Pumice is used not merely for scouring and cleansing purposes, but also for polishing in numerous trades; hence the fact that the powdered pumice exported exceeds in weight the block pumice. Between twenty and thirty merchants are engaged in the pumice trade on the island.—London News.

Ragamuffins.

Mr. Birrell's story about the little ragamuffin in a church school stirred a clerical correspondent to write a letter wherein he spoke of ragamuffins as "boys who have more rags than muffins." No doubt that was not meant to be taken seriously from the etymological point of view. The muffin of the word has puzzled many. "Ragamuffin," says Dr. Johnson, "is from 'rag,' and I know not what else." According to Dr. Brewer the word means a ragged "muff" or "muffin" (a spiritless fellow). But the original Ragamoffyn seems to have been a demon in certain old mystery plays, whose name was probably just high sounding nonsense. It is curious, however, that "the ragman" is an old name for the devil.—London Chronicle.

Contradictions.

"The more the merrier." Not so. One hand is enough in a purse. "Nothing hurts the stomach more than surfeiting." Yes, lack of meat. "Nothing but what has an end." Not so. A ring has none, for it is round. "Money is a great comfort." Not when it brings a thief to the gallows. "The world is a long journey." Not so. The sun goes over it every day. "It is a great way to the bottom of the sea." Not so. It is but a stone's cast. "A friend is best found in adversity." Not so. For then there is none to be found. "The pride of the rich makes the labor of the poor." Not so. The labor of the poor makes the pride of the rich.

Cold Blooded Opinion.

"When a man loses his money," remarked the cynic, "he finds out who his friends are."

"Yes," answered Mr. Dustin Stax, "it is a wise compensation. When a man loses his fortune he saves the time he used to spend shaking hands and listening to hard luck stories and gets a chance to make another."—Washington Star.

Little Pitchers.

Willie—Uncle Jack, did you choke on that cake batter ma made yesterday? Rich Old Uncle—Good heavens, no, child! What put such an extraordinary idea into your head? Willie—Why, I heard pa tell ma he made you cough up the dough.—Baltimore American.

This Was Where They Grow.

Mrs. Newly Rich (shopping in Paris)—Show us some wraps—imported, of course. French Saleswoman—Imported, madame? From where, s'il vous plait?

The most insignificant people are the most apt to sneer at others.—Hazlitt.

Agents for the Celebrated Garhartt Overalls, the best ever made.

J. H. Rehder & Co. THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Agents for Crawford Shoes and James Means Shoes.

IMPORTANT SALE OF DRESS GOODS.

Prices Lower Than Eve Before Quoted.

High class wool 56 inch wide shadow plaid combination; grey and green, grey and navy, grey and black, grey and brown—the very best goods this sale $1.25.

56-inch cheviot and homespun suitings, $1.98 values this sale for $1.48.

46-inch wide mixed and plaid, also plaid suiting; beautiful for coat suits and skirts, per yard 75c.

40-inch wide coverts, plain and check suits, per yard 50c.

$2.25 Chiffon, broadcloth, 52 inches wide, black gray, navy brown, sponged and spot proof, superior high finish, per yard $1.75.

High lustre broadcloth made from the highest grade yarns which insure a permanent high lustre finish; all the leading shades; 52 inches wide, at this sale, $1.50.

Fancy plaid waists, bright colors, pretty patterns, per yard 50c.

Beautiful 34 inch plaid suitings, just the thing for school dresses, the yard 15c.

Black dress goods in all the latest fabrics, Henriettas, serges, cheviots; all wool taffetas, silk down panamas, India twill, peau de soie, mohair cash mere, crepeoline.

Car fare refunded on puchases of $2 and over.

Don't forget your Punch Card.

J. H. Rehder & Co. THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Don't forget your Punch Card.

A WONDERFUL MEMORY.

The Story Maretus Told of a Young Corsican Marvel.

Maretus tells us that during his travels over Europe he met the "marvel of marvels" at Padua. The marvel in question was a young Corsican who was in the city for the purpose of pursuing his studies at the university. Maretus, having heard that the young man was gifted with an extraordinary memory, desired to put the student to the test.

The person who had informed the traveler concerning the wonderful retentiveness of the young Corsican's memory declared that he was so gifted in that faculty that he could repeat as many as 36,000 words if read over to him but once. Maretus and three distinguished Venetians agreed to test the accuracy of the statement. A committee visited the student of extraordinary memory and found him willing to submit to the ordeal. Accordingly there was read over to him an almost interminable list of words strung together without any consecutive order and without any meaning whatever.

The young man stood all the time with his attention deeply fixed and his eyes half closed. When the long string of words had been read off he looked up cheerfully and repeated the whole of the uninteresting catalogue of words without a single fault. Then to show how carefully his wonderful memory had retained every word he went through the list backward. When that task was finished he took each alternate word—first, third, fifth, etc.—and repeated them until the company was thoroughly convinced that they were in the presence of the most wonderful prodigy of memory that the world had ever produced.

KNOW THY COUNTRY.

A Precept That Every Citizen Should Take to Heart.

Juvenal said, "This precept descends from heaven—know thyself." To this we add—know thy country. Know its area, its population, its products, native and exclusive, agricultural and mineral. Know its present output and its possibilities. Know its states, its territories and large cities and what they are severally noted for. Know its geography and typography, its constitution, principles and history, its literature, its art and its sciences, its philosophy, discoveries and inventions. Know its relation to other nations, both political and financial. Know its possessions—Alaska, Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Philippines—their history severally, the customs and languages of their people and the sources of their wealth. Many men know these things now and love their country and are serviceable to their fellow citizens in proportion to their knowledge. It costs labor and the sacrifice of so called pleasure to acquire this knowledge, but to the genuinely manly man, whose life's purpose is to make the utmost of his abilities and opportunities and who in one way and another is developing his country's hidden treasures and imparting his own practical enthusiasm to other lives, there are a relish and a delight in the search for knowledge that compensate a thousandfold.

Services First Church of Christ, Scientist, this evening at 8 o'clock, Odd Fellows' Building, second floor. All are invited.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

ORIENT. Clark's 9th Annual Cruise, Feb. 7, '07, 70 days by chartered S. S. "Arabic," 16,000 tons, 2 Tours Round the World. FRANK C. CLARK, 96 B'way, N. Y. su-wed. tf

HERPICIDE

FOR THE SCALP

A LARGE STOCK ON HAND

Hardin's Palace Pharmacy

126 South Front Street.

aug 28 tf

PROPOSALS INVITED.

Bids will be received until Nov. 15th for painting and repairing roof of Front street Market; also for making other repairs. For full information regarding same, see Mr. W. H. Yopp.

P. Q. MOORE,
Ch. Pub. Building Com.

n9-tf

The Jones House.

Atkinson, N. C.

Now Open for the Patronage of the Public.

Board by the Day, Week or Month.

Special Attention to Travelling Men. Rates, Reasonable.

MRS. J. B. JONES, Prop.

CAPPS' LUNCH COUNTER

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE.

J. W. Capps has secured the services of Betsie Maloney, a noted cook and extends to the public a cordial welcome to his new lunch counter. His motto: "Ask for Betsie and Get the Best." Everything in and Out of Season.

CAPPS. LUNCH COUNTER,

n9-tf C. T. McKeithen, Mgr.

MATT J. HEYER, President. CHAS. N. EVANS, Cashier.
HUGH MacRAE, Vice-Pres't. W. B. DRAKE, Ass't Cashier.
D. L. GORE, Vice-Pres't.

The Southern National Bank

Capital and Surplus $300,000.00.

To the Business Public:—

This bank is pleased to announce that after a gain of EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS in resources at the close of its first year's business, it is prepared to place three hundred thousand in new loans at six per cent. to desirable individuals, firms and corporations.

The policy of the bank is to accommodate its patrons and to encourage and assist every business enterprise engaged in the upbuilding of this section.

We will be pleased to see you at our office, or a representative of the bank will call at yours to discuss any measures looking to a business relationship.

Very Truly Yours,

C. N. EVANS, Cashier.

Sale of Unclaimed Express Packages.

Remaining on hand in Wilmington, N. C. Office.

ON DECEMBER 8th,

The Southern Express Company will sell at auction, for cash, at the Auction House of VanAmringe, all packages remaining on hand for a period of six months or longer. Sale will begin at 10 o'clock A. M.

J. R. WILLIAMS, Agent.

NO 16 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

nov 11 4t su

Eat Some o

Batson's Fresh Home-Made Sausage TO-DAY.

I KEEP BROOKSFIELD FARM and ALL OTHER KINDS IN STOCK.

PALACE MARKET,

'Phone No. 72. Quickest delivery in city.

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FOR

Bargains and Stylish Suits

AND HATS GO TO

HAMME, The Hatter and Clothier.

24 NORTH FRONT STREET.

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Bagging and Ties

Rust Proof Oats for Seed.....

Full Cream Cheese.....

All Kinds of Canned Goods

Heavy Groceries

Grain, Hay

Lime, Cement, Nails

ALL AT LOWEST PRICES.

The Worth Co

sept 11 tf

MOST ASININE HE EVER KNEW

Former Governor Odell Knocks Roosevelt's Interference in New York Politics.

DID MORE HARM THAN GOOD

People Always Resent Outside Interference in Their Affairs—Mr. Odell Looks on Election as Veritable Democratic Victory.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

New York, Nov. 13.—B. B. Odell, of Newberg, former Governor and ex-chairman of the State Republican Committee, said to-day that the management of the Republican State campaign was the "most asinine" that he ever knew. The whole State ticket, he said, might just as well have been elected. As the result stands, it looks like a Democratic victory, and leaves the Republican party in bad shape with a national campaign coming on. The Republicans, he declared, made no campaign at all, but put it all on Mr. Hughes' shoulders. Continuing Mr. Odell said:

"The people of this State have always resented the interference of a President of the United States in their local elections. They have done so since the days of DeWitt Clinton. I think that he interference of President Roosevelt did more harm than good."

"I realize now, said Mr. Odell, that I made a mistake when I accepted the chairmanship of the State committee while I was governor. The people resent official and outside interference in their political affairs. That is why I say that the interference of President Roosevelt in the last campaign did more harm than good. I do not wish to appear in therole of a general critic of the conduct of the campaign, but so far as I can make out there was no real campaign. No use was made of the record of the Republican party. It was all a case of personalities between the candidates for governor. We should have stood for many of the things that Mr. Hearst advocated like the eight-hour law, the three platoon system for the police and foremen."

Mr. Odell said that Mr. Hearst was greatly strengthened as a political factor by his campaign and that while he might not be elected President, he was now a man to be reckoned with in the future. He said that a combination of Bryan and Hearst would be a hard one for the Republicans to beat.

BLOODY DEED IN ASHEVILLE.

Negro Desperado Kills Three Men and Wounds Another.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

Ashville, N. C., Nov., 13.—Fighting in defense of their superior officer, Patrolmen Charles Blackstock and William Bailey, two members of the Asheville police force, were shot to death on South Main street at 11:30 o'clock tonight by a negro who said his name was Will Harris, of Charlotte, for whom a large reward has been standing for some time. Prior to the death of the two officers, a negro restaurant keeper named Ben Allison, also was killed by Harris without provocation. Another negro named Tom Neil was mortally wounded, he too, being shot before the officers took a hand in the melee.

Harris started out from a negro house on Valley street. He fired into two houses as he made his way to South Main street, one of the principal streets of the city. As he reached Eagle street, he wounded Allison. On Main street Harris encountered Tom Neil and shot him. Word of the shooting caused Police Captain Page and Officers Bailey and Blackstock to start from police headquarters for the scene. Bailey took his stand at the head of South Main street and the court house square, leaving his captain and Blackstock to go on ahead. It is reported that Captain Page met the negro in the center of Main street and received a bullet in the arm from the negro's gun. The wounded captain called upon Blackstock to fire, but before the officer could do so, he fell dead with a bullet in the chest. Harris then started for the square, where Patrolman Bailey was stationed. Bailey fired twice but missed and the negro shot the officer through the head. The officer lived but a few minutes.

The negro continued down South Main street and at midnight was still at large.

The greatest excitement followed the killing of the officers. A general fire alarm was turned for the purpose of calling out the militia companies and several parties quickly formed to take up the pursuit of the murderer. The store of the Asheville Hardware Company was broken into by police officers and the posse were armed with Winchester rifles and shot guns.

Officer Blackstock leaves a wife and child and Officer Bailey leaves a wife and three children.

Read Star Business Locals.

GOG AND MAGOG.

Various Traditions Relating to These Two Famous Giants.

Who were Gog and Magog? English tradition says that they were the last of a race of giants who infested England until they were destroyed by some of the Trojans who went to the British isles after the destruction of Troy Gog and Magog, it is said, were taken captive to London, where they were chained at the door of the palace of the king. When they died wooden images of the two giants were put in their places. In the course of time a great fire destroyed these, but now, if you go to London, you will see in the great hall of one of the famous buildings—the Guildhall—two immense wooden effigies of men called Gog and Magog.

But there are other traditions of the two giants. One is to the effect that when Alexander the Great overran Asia he chased into the mountains of the north an impure, wicked and man eating people who were twenty-two nations in number and who were shut up with a rampart in which were gates of brass. One of these nations was Goth and another Magoth, from which we readily get the names of the mythical giants. It is supposed, however, that the Turks were meant by Gog and the Mongols were the children of Magog. We shall find mention made of Gog and Magog in many books, including the Bible, but there are the great wall and the rampart of Gog and Magog, whatever may have been the fact that gave the names of the two giants to that portion of the structure.

FEES IN ENGLAND.

The Treasury Has Many Schemes That Swell Its Income.

When a young man determines to become a barrister and enters his name at one of the inns of court in London or Dublin he has to pay to the government a fee of £25. And when he is a full fledged English or Irish barrister or a Scotch advocate he has to fork out a further sum of £50.

Should he desire to become a solicitor he is fined even more heavily. When he becomes an apprentice his fee to the government is £80, and his yearly duty when he begins to practice is, for the first three years, £3 in the country and £4 10s. in London or Dublin and after the third year £6 and £9 respectively. So that a solicitor practicing forty years in London will have paid the government over £400.

A law agent (Scotland) pays £60 at commencement of study and £55 or £85 on beginning practice in the sheriff's court or court of session.

If you want to change your surname of your own free will the government charges you only £10, but if you do it under the direction of some deceased benefactor it costs you £50.

Bishops pay £30 for permission to be elected and £30 more for the royal assent to their election, and the fees paid on receiving letters patent are: By a baronet, £100; a baron, £150; a viscount, £200; an earl, £250; a marquis, £300, and a duke, £350.—London Express.

The Ashes of the Dead.

James Russell Lowell was a great favorite in the literary circles of London. On one occasion at a large banquet the peculiarities of American speech were discussed with English bluntness. Lord S. called to Mr. Lowell loudly, so as to silence all other speakers:

"There is one new expression invented by your countrymen so foolish and vulgar as to be unpardonable. They talk of the 'ashes of the dead.' We don't burn corpses. No Englishman would use a phrase so absurd."

"And yet," said Mr. Lowell gently, "your poet Gray says, speaking of the dead:

"E'en in our ashes live their wonted fires.

"And in the burial services of the church of England it is said, 'Dust to dust and ashes to ashes.' We sin in good company." A cordial burst of applause greeted this prompt rejoinder.

The Severest Test.

The severest test of manhood is never found in good times, but only in hard times. It is not the man who has success when others are doing well, but it is the man who keeps up his courage and struggles on when everybody else is wavering or going down who is the hero in the sight of God and men. It is an easy matter to make good time when both wind and tide are in one's favor or when one is moving with the current, but it requires character and skill and daring to make head in spite of opposing forces or to work successfully against the current.—Exchange.

Distinguished.

Visitor (in penitentiary)—Who is that distinguished looking convict? Warden—He is known here as No. 1147. Visitor—He seems to hold himself aloof from his fellows. Warden—Yes; you can hardly expect him to associate with the common herd. His trial cost the state $200,000.

The Only Way.

A person of little tact once remarked to the octogenarian Auber, "What a sad thing it is, this old business!"

"Yes," agreed the old musician, "it is sad; "but," he added, with witty philosophy, "up to the present time no surer way has been discovered to live a long time."

A Cautious Damsel.

"Dearest, with you by my side, I would willingly give up all I possess—wealth, position, parents—everything."

"I know, George, but in that case what would there be left for me."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

It's a queer fact that the higher a man rises the less chance he has of being above suspicion.—Puck.

That Constant Bad Pain

WRITE US FREELY

and frankly, in strictest confidence, telling all your troubles, and stating your age. We will send you **FREE ADVICE**, in plain sealed envelope, and a valuable book on "Home Treatment for Women."

Address: Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

G 57

Here is Relief

"I did not know anything could stop my periodical pains entirely, but Wine of Cardui did," writes Mrs. Beulah Rowley of Champoeg, Oreg, "I had suffered constantly in this way for four years, getting so bad that I was a total wreck, and would sometimes be unconscious for twelve hours at a time.

"My husband brought me a bottle of

WINE OF CARDUI Woman's Relief

which greatly helped me, and now I advise all women suffering with painful periods to use it and be relieved as I have been." Cardui has a gentle, refreshing, strengthening effect, upon the womanly organs; it regulates fitful functions, and restores sick women to proper habits and health. It is a purely vegetable extract of true medicinal merit, and has been in successful use for these diseases for over half a century. Try it.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS IN $1.00 BOTTLES

MUSIC STRINGS.

The Great Amount of Material Required to Meet the Demand.

"One of the most generally accepted but mistaken ideas that are entertained by the people of this country," said a traveling representative of a foreign manufactory of gut strings, "is that strings used on musical instruments are manufactured from catgut. If that were true the cats in this world would have been exterminated many years ago in supplying the market with material for musical instrument strings.

"The fact is that they are manufactured from the intestines of sheep, and in obtaining enough raw material even from these animals the manufacturers at times find difficulty.

"The only string made from the intestines of the feline is that used for surgical purposes—for sewing up wounds. One would be amazed to know that there are millions of musical instrument strings used in North America alone, and just think where the tabbies would be if they had to supply the consumption.

"Another amazing thing is that there are over 700 different grades of musical instrument strings. The demand for strings in North America is increasing every year, especially in the south and in Mexico. There are more guitar strings sold in Mexico than any other kind, but through the south the banjo string is still popular, despite the fact that every year has marked a slight but gradual falling off in the demand."—Kansas City Journal.

THE GOD OF WAR.

Blustering Mars and His Name Month, the Thracian of the Twelve.

Mars was not a favorite among the classic Greeks, nor is his name month a great favorite among the Gothic moderns. The god of war was a barbarian intruder in the Olympian circle. There was something Thracian, and by that token crude and unworthy in his manner. He was more of a blusterer than a fighter, and Homer narrates with evident relish how Pallas Athene tumbled him over in combat, his vast bulk covering several acres. Of wild aspect, untutored ways and indifferent wits, he had little to recommend him but his immoral origin.

Such also is the month that has taken the war god's name. One poet notes its "ugly looks and threats." "A half wild creature cast from nature's lap," another calls it. The proverb "mad as a March hare" says the same thing with less reticence. English people call the month "March Manyweathers" and thereby intimate their doubt of its capacity for sustained purpose. It is the Thracian of the twelve, as September is the Tyrian. There is something blustering and barren in its aspect, as there is in what people call "a good war." The winds that blow from one end of it to the other are not "the winds of God." A peck of March dust may be worth a king's ransom, as a wise saw has it, but from the average human it gets less grateful guerdon. "Beware the ides of March" is good wisdom for our common humanity.—New York Mail.

A DOCTOR'S STORY.

Tragic Experience That Followed a Call at Night.

Four or five physicians were talking the other evening at the home of one, and the conversation turned to shop. One of them had recently moved his office downtown, and there was some discussion as to the advisability of separating house and office.

"Well," said the separatist, "I can't see any difference so long as I am at my office during office hours."

"Let me tell you a story," remarked the oldest man in the party. "Thirty years ago, when I began practice, I lived in Virginia, and for a year or two I slept in my office. Then I married, and my wife owned a nice house, and I went to it to live. It sat back from the street about fifty feet, and we decided that it would be much nicer if we had my office out on the street in the far corner of the lot—only fifty feet away, you will observe, but still it was enough. In order to see such callers as came during the night I had a night bell and a speaking tube connecting the front door of the office with my bedroom. You see, I did not want a patient to escape under any circumstances.

"Well, everything went nicely enough for three years or so, when one night a ring came to my bell. It was then about 2 o'clock in the morning, and the ring was a hot one. I asked who it was, and the answer came from a friend of mine to the effect that he was a mighty sick man and wanted to see me at once. I told him to come around to the house and I would meet him at the door and take care of him. Then I got up, and, putting on my dressing gown and slippers, I proceeded to the front door. But there was no one there and no one in sight on the way between the gate and the house.

"That was odd, and I went back and called through the tube to know what was wrong. I received no answer, and, being quite unable to account for it, I took my lamp—it was a very dark and still night—and started to go out and investigate. Just as I was about to step off the porch I lowered my lamp to get a better light on the step, and there at the foot of the porch lay a body. I turned it over at once, and as the light fell on the face I saw it was my friend who had only a minute before spoken to me. He was quite dead. And when an examination was made it was discovered that he had died of heart disease and so near me that I could almost have touched him. Possibly I could not have been of any service to him if I had seen him when he first rang the bell, but the possibility that I might so affected me that from that day to this I have had my office as near my bed as I could get it."—Exchange.

Into each life sme ruins must fall,
Wise people don' sitdown and bawl;
Only fools suicide or take to flight,
Smart people take Rocky Mountain Tea. J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

A. D. BROWN,

Is Showing a Splendid and Complete Assorment of

LADIES LONG KID GLOVES,

Best made in France.

Trefousse Gloves

Best sold in America.

BLACK, WHITE, BRCWN, TANS, GRAYS.

Also an Excellent Line

Long Silk and Lisle Gloves in Black and White.

A. D. BROWN,

"THE MODEST PRICE STORE."

A FEW SPECIALS.

One Lot Wool Remnants Half Price.
One Lot 50c. Waists Goods - - - 25c. Per Yard.
One Lot Muslin Gowns and Skirts - - $1.25 to $2.00
Values for 98 Cents.

PLATT & HAAR,
LaGRECQUE AGENTS.

nov 11-tf

ASK YOUR STORE MAN TO GET

TIDAL WAVE FLOUR
guaranteed the best made anywhere.

TIDAL WAVE FLOUR
unsurpassed by none.

TIDAL WAVE FLOUR
induces peace at home.

TIDAL WAVE FLOUR
sold at fancy dealers' stores and no charge made for your purchase if not best made at any of the thousand mills in this land.

F. E. HASHAGEN CO.
AGENTS FOR FACTORY.

nov 11 tf

DRAWING MATERIALS

Keuffel & Esser Brands.

Drawing papers, Tracing Cloth, Tracing papers, Blue Print Papers, Profile & Cross Section Papers, Engineer's Field Books, Drawing and Ruling Pens, Paragon Instruments, Scales, Triangles, Curves, Pencils, Inks, Etc.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,
Bookseller and Stationer.

nov 11 tf

Victor Talking Machine.

You Can Buy From US Cheap as From Factory. Large Stock of New Records Just Received.

C. W. Yates & Co

nov 11 tf

WANTED!

WE NEED EXTRA HELP!

One Dry Goods Salesman;
One Saleslady for Suit Department;
One Red-Headed Bundle Boy.

Apply at Once,

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

Read Star Advertisements They're Worth While.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

—State Auditor Dixon says North Carolina will make a fine financial showing this fiscal year and that there will be a balance of $300.000.

Lumberton Robesonian: The Board of County Commissioners organized by electing Mr. N. A. Carter chairman and Mr. C. B. Skipper secretary.

—At Concord on Monday while 12 year old Frank Parnell was scuffling on a granolithic pavement with his 10 year old brother he fell and fractured his temple. His condittion is serious.

—Greensboro, Nov., 12.—The child of Jesse Houston, a negro, residing in East Greensboro, was burned to death and the body almost completely destroyed by fire this morning. The mother was standing near the open fire place with the child in her arms when she had a fit. She fell towards the fire and the child went into the open grate. She fell upon the little one, making it impossible for it to escape. Her hands were badly burned, and the child was burned to ashes before any one discovered the accident.

—The corporation commission and its secretary go to Williamston, Martin county tomorrow to investigate complaints which are made by the people living on the railways between Plymouth and Scotland Neck, these complaints being that the passenger accommodations are inadequate. This route is via Parmelee, which is one of the most important junction points in the country, it being considered impossible to get anywhere in northeastern Carolina without going by Parmelee.

—Lumberton Robesonian: We notice that Maxton and Red Springs are both making efforts to secure the college for women, which it is the intention of the Methodists to build in this section of the State. It seems to us that Lumberton might very well afford to put forth some effort in this direction. Methodists, Baptists, Presbyterians and all other denominations should be interested in seeing it located here. It would be of vast benefit to the town and every citizen who is interested in its welfare and development should lend a helping hand toward securing it. If Lumberton cannot secure it, we shall, of course, be more than glad to see one of our sister owns bear off the prize.

—Winston-Salem, Nov. 12—Winston-Salem leads every city in the Southern States in percentage of increase in the value of manufacturing products since 1900; stands third in the percentage of increase in the amount of capital invested and fifth in the percentage of increase in number of manufacturing establishments. This city stands about thirtieth among the 554 cities of over 8,000 population in the United States in the percentage of increase in capital invested; about seventeenth in percentage of increase in number of establishments and about eighteenth in percentage of increase in value of manufactured products. These facts are contained in the United States Census bulletin of 1905 dealing with the subject of manufactures and show in an unmistakable manner that very few cities in the entire United States are going forward so rapidly along industrial lines as the Twin-City. Winston-Salem's percentage of increase in the value of manufactured products during the past few years has been 132 per cent.

—Gastonia is soon to have a manufactory of ladies' garments, consisting of full suits and skirts. This new enterprise is to be operated by the Yeager-McLean Manufacturing Co., the members of the firm being Mr. J. F. Yearger and Mr. A. A. McLean. Mr. Yearger has for the past several years conducted a millinery and ladies furnishings store with marked success, and has for the past twelve months operated a small manufacturing plant for custom work, his business having grown from the very start. The machinery, especially made for this purpose, has already been ordered and will be installed and ready for work by January 15th. The motive power will be electricity, which will be obtained from the Spencer Mountain Power Company, through the town of Gastonia. An electric elevator will be installed to carry freight and passengers from first to third floor. It is the intention of the company to put salesmen on the road and the goods manufactured will be placed with firms in the larger towns and cities of this and many other states. Only a very high grade of goods will be turned out and only a high class of trade will be catered to. The company has a large capital and, being backed by men who know the business and who have attained success, there is not the least doubt that the product of the new factory will, in a very short time win a reputation which will increase the demand of Gastonia-made garments to such an extent that the company will have to enlarge its factory and increase its output.

—Greensboro, Nov., 12.—Graham Trotter, a young man of Mt. Airy, was arrested here today on a warrant charging him with having been implicated in the shooting of Miss Bethania Ashby near Mt. Airy Friday night. He does not deny having been present when the shooting occurred, but says that he did not fire the shot that struck the girl. He says that he was company with another man, whose name he refused to state, and that they mistook Miss Ashby for a woman of doubtful character and fired upon her. He did not say whether Elmer Brim, the man arrested in Mt. Airy on the charge of shooting the girl, did or did not fire the shot that struck her. Trotter, like Brim, comes from one of the best families in Mt. Airy. He left home this morning and came to Greensboro on the train that arrives here at noon. The chief of police at Mr. Airy notified the officers here that he be arrested. When the train came down the "Y" near the station, two officers boarded the train and placed the young man under arrest. The theory of the Mt. Airy officers is that Brim and Trotter were out together on the night of the trouble. They had previous trouble with a woman of unsavory reputation. In the uncertain light along the road they mistook one of the girls in the buggy for the woman with whom Brim had the trouble Brim took his pistol and fired at the young woman, learning too late that he had made a horrible mistake. Brim was arrested Saturday and is now in jail at Dodson. Trotter is only nineteen year of age.

PECULIAR ACCIDENT TO TRAIN.

Ran Into Log Wagon and Demolished a Flouring Mill.

New Castle, Pa., Nov. 13.—One trainman was instantly killed and three were seriously injured to-night when a fast eastbound passenger train on the Pittsburg & Lake Erie railroad crashed into a wagon heavily loaded with saw logs on a grade crossing at Edenburg, Pa., six miles west of this city. The train was bound for Pittsburg, Pa., after colliding with the wagon, the train left the tracks and ran into the Edensburg flouring mill, practically demolishing the building.

ATTENTION SMOKERS!

A fresh supply of these favorite brands just received

PRINCE GEORGE.

EL TORO.

EL BELMONT DAINTIES.

"The Gem Cigar Store."

When Folks Get Sick

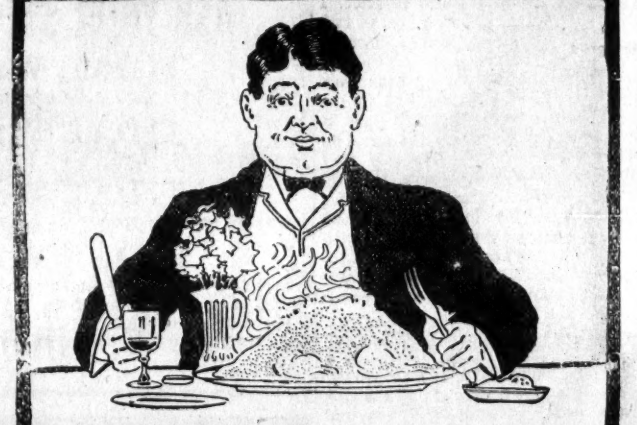
They Want Prompt Relief.

We're Prepared to do Our Part.

When your doctor calls, just ask him to 'Phone us your prescription. He'll do it. Your relief will be more prompt, and the doctor will have saved the time usually spent in writing a prescription.

JAMES M. HALL.

THE DRY POND DRUGGIST.



"Company, Attention!"

"For recreation you will now listen to a story from headquarters." CAPT. REXALL, Adj.

THE HUMAN LOCOMOTIVE.

A certain man, because he was so strong and hearty, imagined he was a locomotive. There was, he thought, no limit to his vitality.

He regarded his stomach as the firebox. All he had to do was to keep the firebox full.

He followed the Mississippi steamboat plan, and crowded every old thing into his stomach.

One day when he was pulling a heavy load the firebox didn't burn right, so the Human Locomotive stopped to investigate.

He found the flues choked, the firebox full of clinkers, and so stuffed with fuel that it couldn't even show a red glimmer.

Somebody told him to keep a clean fire with a good draught, and feed it regularly, with only a certain quantity at a time.

He was further advised to use Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets for the purpose of putting himself in first-class shape.

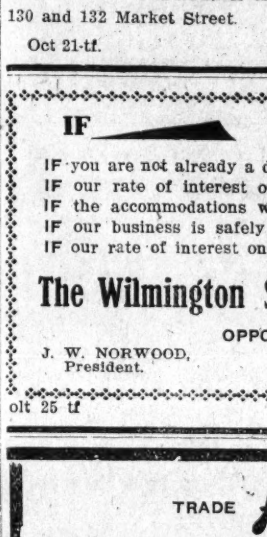
He did as he was told, and was soon able to pull and haul as well as ever. Besides he puffed less under a heavy load.

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets are absolutely guaranteed to cure all the distressing forms of Dyspepsia and Indigestion, or we'll pay for all the medicine you take.

Price, 25c., at our store or by mail.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co

Y. M. C. A. BLDG.



For Health and Comfort Buy a

Vortex Hot-Blast Heater

BURNS—

Soft Coal,
Hard Coal,
Crushed Coke,
Wood and Lighter Fuel.

They Use Less Fuel,

They Consume Fuel and Gases Entirely,

They Keep Fires Indefinitely,

No Headaches from Poisonous Gases,

No Dust, No Big Coal Bills.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO

"Wilson Heaters"

(Only Highest Grade Materials Used.

The Wilson Heater will produce more heat from a unit of fuel, and keep your home at a more even temperature, with little or no trouble, and fewer ashes than any other heater made.

There is no Noxious Gas, Offensive Smoke or Cold Floor Draft where the Wilson Coal Heater is used.

Holds fire 36 hours or longer. The combustation is perfect—the heat does not go up the chimney. Burns every particle of the coal; does not make clinkers and leaves very little ash. Other stoves look much like the Wilson, but—that's all. None of them work like the Wilson and none are so good.

SLOAN & SWEENEY,

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR WILMINGTON.

130 and 132 Market Street. Phone 332.

Oct 21-tf.

IF

IF you are not already a depositoor, we invite you to become one.
IF our rate of interest on loans is low enough,
IF the accommodations we afford are satisfactory,
IF our business is safely conducted (and it is),
IF our rate of interest on deposits is high enough.

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

OPPOSITE THE ORTON.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice-President. C. E. TAYLOR, JR. Cashier.

olt 25 tf

TRADE Hygrade MARK

The finest "Pure" goods obtainable for family and medicinal uses.

One trial order will be convincing.

Orders solicited.

Morris Distilling Co.

P. O. Box 243. Wilmington, N. C.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

OF WILMINGTON.

The business of this Bank is to aid its customers with every facility required in modern business methods. Its willingness and ability to do it are well known to those who deal here. In helping deal here. In helping them w them we help ourselves.

TOTAL ASSETS NEARLY $3,000,000.

Nov 1-tf.

We Deal in

WILMINGTON BANK STOCKS,

ODD FELLOWS' BUILDING BONDS,

DELGADO MILL FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT BONDS.

And other Local Securities.

C. P. BOLLES & COMPANY

415 Southern Building.

oct 24 tf

CHEAPEST INSURANCE IN THE WORLD.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES.

For four dollars per year a trifle over ONE CENT per day, and for this small amount your valuable papers will be absolutely safe from fire and burglars.

ONLY A FEW BOXES LEFT INSPECTION INVITED.

The People's Savings Bank,

Next to the Orton;

H. C. McQueen, President. M. J. Corbett, Vice Pres.

F. W. Dick, Cashier.

no4-tf

Read Star Advertisements.

They're Worth While

Atlantic Coast Line

Schedule in Effect, August 5 1906.

NOTICE.

The arrivals and departures are given as information, as well as connections with other companies; but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48	No. 42
Lv Wilmington	9 00 a m	6 40 p m
Ar. Goldsboro	12.10p m	9.32 p m
Ar Wilson	1.12 p m	10.25 p m
Ar Rocky Mount	2.08 p m	11.00 p m
Ar Norfolk	5 [illegible] p m	...
Ar. Weldon	5.08 p m	2.32 a m
Ar. Petersburg	7.12 p m	4.27 a m
Ar. Richmond	8.00 p m	5.10 a m
Ar. Washington	11.40 p m	8.50 a m
Ar. Baltimore	1.43 a m	10.13 a m
Ar. Philadelphia	4.25 a m	12.27 a m
Ar. New York	7.30 a m	3.00 p m

SOUTHBOUND.

	No 47	No 49
Lv. New York	9 25 a m	9 25 p m
Ar Philadelphia	11 55 a m	12 01 a m
Ar. Baltimore	2 12 p m	2 32 a m
Ar. Washington	3 21 p m	3 45 a m
Ar. Norfolk	.....	8 40 a m
Lv Richmond	7 25 p m	2 35 a m
Ar. Petersburg	8 05 p m	3 45 a m
Ar. Weldon	9 53 p m	11 44 a m
Ar. Rocky Mount	10.58 p m	1.00 p m
Ar Wilson	11.46 p m	2.05 p m
Ar Goldsboro	6 58 a m	4 10 p m
Ar. Wilmington	10 05 a m	5 00 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily	Daily	Daily ex's Wilson
Lv. Wilmington	9.00 a m	8.45 p m	2.50 p m
Ar. Florence	9.35 a m	7.40 p m	4.15 a m
Ar. Columbia	12.40 p m	10.55 p m	...
Ar. Charlest'n	1.20 p m	11.40 p m	7.05 a m
Ar. Savannah	6.45 p m	2.50 a m	9.30 a m
Ar. Jacksville	.....	8.40 a m	2.10 p m
Ar. Tampa	.....	.....	7.30 p m

NORTHBOUND

	Daily	Daily
Lv. Tampa	9.00 a m	10.30 a m
Ar. Jacksonville	7.00 a m	7.00 p m
Ar. Savannah	12.55 p m	1.15 a m
Lv. Charleston	5.30 p m	6.15 a m
Lv. Columbia	4.30 p m	6.45 a m
Ar. Florence	10.00 p m	9.25 a m

From Wilmington, N. C., to Georgetown, S. C

Ar. Wilmington	12.05 a m	1.40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	West Bound Daily	East Bound Daily
Lv. Wilmington	9.10 a m	Ar. 8.00 p m
Ar. Fayetteville	12 20 p m	Ar. 4 55 p m
Ar. Sanford	1 55 p m	Lv. 3 40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

	N. Bound Daily ex Sun.	South Bound.
Lv Wilmington	2 25 p m	Ar. 12 20 p m
Ar Newbern	5 40 p m	Lv. 9 10 a m

Trains Nos. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington connecting with Pennsylvania R. R. for all points east.

T. C. WHITE, General Passeng Agen

W. J. CRAIG Passenger Traffic Manager

may 27-tf

Clyde Steamship Company,

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C. Lines

New York for Wilmington, N. C.

S. S. Carib ....Friday, November 2nd.
S. S. Navahoe ..Friday, November 9th

Wilmington, N. C. for New York.

S. S. Navahoe Saturday, November 3rd
S. S. Carib Saturday, November 10th

From Wilmington, N. C. to Georgetown S. C.

S. S. Carib ....Monday, November 5th
S. S. Navahoe ....Monday, Nov. 12th.

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

CLYDE MILNE, G. F. A., New York
THEO. G. EGER, V.-P., & G. M. 290 Broadway, New York.
General Offices, Pier 36 N. R. Brch, 290

oct 12 tf

Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Company.

Proposed sailings from Baltimore:

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

Connecting with steamers for Southport, Fayetteville and points on Cape Fear and Little Rivers.

NOVEMBER 9TH AND 23RD.

M. L. W. WILLIAMS, Gen. Mngr., Baltimore, Md.

WALTER SMALLBONES, Agt., Wilmington, N. C.

sept 22 1t

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

Scenic Route to the West.

Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:15 P. M.	11.00 P. M.
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15 A. M.	5.00 P. M.
Ar. Chicago	5.30 P. M	7.10 A. M.
Ar. St. Louis	6.28 P. M.	7.18 A. M
Ar. Louisville	11.00 A. M.	8.00 P. M.

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address.

W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A., C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

H. W. FULLER,

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 13, 1906.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Market nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market, nothing doing; sales after hours at $3.80.

TAR—Market firm at $2.20 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market firm at $3.35 per barrel for hard, $4.50 for dip and $4.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar firm, $1.80; crude turpentine firm at $3.35, 4.50 and $4.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	25
Rosin	249
Tar	172
Crude	143

Receipts same day last year—33 casks spirits turpentine; 155 barrels rosin; 58 barrels tar; 70 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market—Steady, 9 5-8c.

Same day last year—Steady nominal

Receipts—1,887 bales; same day last year 2,383 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

PEANUTS—North Carolina Prime 75; exta prime 80; fancy 85@90 per bushel of 28 pounds. Virginia—Prime 60; extra prime 65; fancy 70, dull; Spanish 80@90.

CORN—Firm, 68@70c per bushel for white; 66@68 for mixed.

N. C. BACON—Steady, hams, 17@18c per pound; shoulders, 12to 13c; sides dull, 11@13c.

EGGS—Firm at 23@24c.

CHICKENS—Dull 20@30c for small; growns 35@40c.

BEESWAX—Firm, at 25@26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2@5c. per pound.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull at 2 to 4c per pound.

HIDES—Dry flint, 14 to 15c; green 8c per pound.

PORK—Corn fed 8c.

TURKEYS—Firm, live 15c; dressed 18c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK, November 13.—The cotton market was fairly active today with the tone generally steady to firm and the close steady at a net advance of 5 to 19 points. Sales were estimated at 300,000 bales. The opening was barely steady at a decline of 2 to 5 points in response to rather disappointing cables. There was considerable cotton for sale here by some of yesterday's buyers and there was a renewal of bear pressure also, but after working off to 9.75 for March, the market rallied again on covering of shorts and a renewal of bull support with Jaunary reaching 9.62 and March 10 cents, during the middle of the afternoon. At this level there was more cotton for sale and the market eased off several points toward the close. Buying the near months by spot people was one of the features during the session and it was thought that this might argue to possibility of a revision of the diffenences between grades as applied to deliveries on local contracts. The gossip is that the lower grades will be made to pay a heavier penalty, which would naturally increase the value of local contracts and force the market nearer a parity with the south. Private wires also reported much firmer interior spot holders and very cold weather was reported as far south as Jacksonville. Receipts at the ports today 82,949 bales against 92.200 last week and 102,323 last year. For the week 410,000 bales against 422,843 last week and 391,919 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 21,541 against 23,293 last year, and at Houston 33,145 bales against 29,539 last year.

Spot cotton closed quiet 10 points advance; middling uplands 10.40; middling gulf 10.65; sales 600 bales.

Opening and closing features follow:

Month	Open	Closing bid
November	9.60	9.82
December	9.60	9.74
January	9.65	9.75
February	9.73	9.84
March	9.83	9.93
April	9.88	9.99
May	9.94	10.04
June	9.97	10.09
June	10.01	10.12

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 9 7-8; net receipts 39,046.

New Orleans—Firm, 9 3-4; net receipts 21,541.

Mobile—Steady, 9 5-8; net receipts 3,538.

Savannah—Steady, 9 9-16; 11,343.

Charleston—Firm, 9 5-8; net receipts 735.

Wilmington—Steady, 9 5-8; net receipts 1,887.

Norfolk—Steady, 10; net receipts 4,035; gross receipts 4,035.

Baltimore—Nominal, 10; gross receipts 800.

New York—Quiet, 10.40; gross receipts 11,892; sales 600; stock 105,231; to Great Britain 850.

Boston—Quiet, 10.40.

Philadelphia Steady, 10.65; net receipts 31.

Pensacola—Net receipts 666.

Miscellaneous—121.

Total to all ports, net—82,949; Great Britain 905; France 6,611; Continent 16,849; stock 1,085,552.

Consolidated, at all ports, net 224,066; Great Britain 30,260; France 17,017; Continent 102,618; Japan 500.

Total since Sept 1., at all ports, net—3,301,915; Great Britain 904,540; France 262,712; Continent 881,102; Japan 27,979.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Steady, 9 13-16; net receipts 33,145.

Augusta—Firm, 10; net receipts 2,350.

Memphis—Quiet, 10; 5,694.

St. Louis—Steady, 10; gross receipts 5,419.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 644.

Louisville—Firm, 10.

Total to-day—Net receipts 41,833; gross receipts 48,918; shipments 41,956; sales 6,989; stock 237,807.

Liverpool Market.

LIVERPOOL, November 13.—Spot in fair demand, prices 13 points higher. American middling fair 6.22; good middling 5.78; middling 5.64; low middling 5.46; good ordinary 5.10; ordinary 4.86. The sales of the day were 8,000 of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 7,200 American. Receipts 42,000 bales including 34,000 American.

Futures opened firm and closed quiet; American middling G. O. C. November 5.30 1-2; November and December 5.24; December and January 5.23; January and February 5.23 1-2; February and March 5.26; March and April 5.28 1-2; April and May 5.31 1-2; May and June 5.34; June and July 5.36; July and August 5.38; August and September 5.33.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—Active covering by shorts indirectly caused the continued small receipts in the Northwest brought about an advance of more than a cent a bushel in the price of wheat to-day on the local exchange. At the close wheat for December delivery was 1 3-8 higher. Corn was up 1-4. Oats gained 1-4@3-8c. Provisions were 2 1-2 to 10c higher.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

	high	low	close
Wheat			
Dec.	74 1-8	72 5-8	74 1-8
May	78 7-8	77 5-8	78 5-8
Corn:			
Dec.	42 1-4	41 3-4	42 1-4
May	43 5-8	43 1-8	43 5-8
July	44 1-8	43 5-8	44 1-8
Oats:			
Dec.	32 5-8	34 1-4	34 5-8
May	35 1-2	35 1-4	35 5-8
July	33 1-2	33 1-8	33 1-2
Mess pork, per bbl.:			
Jan.	14.22 1-2	14.05	14.15
May	14.35	14.17 1-2	14.25
Lard, per 100 lbs.:			
Nov.	9.27 1-2	9.25	9.25
Dec.	8.65	8.57 1-2	8.62 1-2
Jan.	8.45	8.37 1-2	8.42 1-2
May	8.42 1-2	8.35	8.40
Short ribs per 100 lbs.			
Jan	7.62 1-2	7.52 1-2	7.62 1-2
May	7.75	7.62 1-2	7.72 1-2

Cash quotations as follows:

Flour Steady; No. 2 Spring wheat 77@81; No. 3 72@79; No. 2 red 72@73 3-4; No. 2 corn 44; No. 2 yellow 46 1-4@46 1-2; No. 2 oats 34 1-4; No. 2 white 35 1-2; No. 3 white 32 3-4@35 1-2; No. 2 rye 61@61 1-2; prime timothy seed 4.20@4.25; short ribs sides (loose) 8.00@8.50; mess pork per bbl 16.00; lard, per 100 lbs 9.25; short clear sides boxed 8.37 1-2@8.50; whiskey basis of high wines 1.29.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Nov. 13.—The drygoods trade was more active for the day, the jobbing houses participating principally. There was some business done with India and Red Sea ports late in the afternoon. The miscellaneous export trade has been fairly good recently. Cotton yarns are firm and all spots are taken at full prices.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

NEW YORK, Nov., 13.—Money on call steady 5 @ 14 per cent; ruling rate 8, last loan 7, time loans slightly easier; sixty days 7 1-2 @ 8, ninety days 7 1-2; six months 6 @ 6 1-2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 6 @ 6 1-2 per cent. Sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8560 @ 4.8565 for demand and at 4.8015 @ 4.8020 for sixty day bills. Posted rates 4.81 1-2 and 4.86 1-2. Commercial bills 4.80. Bar silver 71 1-2. Mexican dollars 55 1-8.

New York Bonds.

U. S. Refunding 2s reg	104 1-2
U. S. Refunding 2s cou	104 1-2
U. S. 3s reg	103
U. S. 3s cou	103
U. S. old 4s reg	102
U. S. old 4s cou	102
U. S. new 4s reg	130 1-2
U. S. new 4s cou	130 1-2
American Tobacca 4s	77 7-8
American Tobacco 6s	110
A. C. L. 4s	97 1-2
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	101 1-4
L. & N. Unified off'd	101 7-8
Seaboard Air Line	82
Southern Railway	116 1-2
U. S. Steel 2nd pfd	97 1-2

Closing Stock List.

Amalgamated Copper	110 3-8
American Sugar Refining	132 7-8
American Tobacco Co. pfd	99
Atlantic Coast Line	134
Baltimore & Ohio	117 3-4
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	90
Chesapeake & Ohio	52 1-4
L. & N.	140 1-2
New York Central	127
Norfolk & Western	93
Norfolk & Western pfd	88
Peoples Gas	88
Reading	143 1-2
Reading 1st pfd	90
Reading 2nd pfd	93
Southern Pacific	91 1-8
Southern Pacific pfd	118 3-4
Southern Railway	32 1-2
Southern Railway pfd	94 3-4
Tenn Coal and Iron	158
U. S. Steel	46 3-8
U. S. Steel pfd	104 5-8
Va-Car Chemical	36 3-4
Va-Car Chemical pfd	107
S. A. L.	—
S. A. L. pfd	—
Standard Oil	569
Western Union	85 1-4

NEW YORK PRODUCE MAPKET.

New York, Nov 13.—Flour steady but dull.

CORN MEAL—Quiet.

WHEAT—Spot firm; No. 2 red 80 3-4 elevator. Options firm at a net rise of one cent. May 84 11-16; December 82 1-4.

CORN—Easy; No. 2 53 1-2 elevator. Options unchanged. January 51 1-2; May 50 1-2; December 52 3-4.

OATS—Spot steady; No. 2 mixed 39.

LARD—Steady; western prime 9.45 @9.55. Refined easy; continent 9.85.

PORK—Steady; family 19.00@19.50; short clear 17.25@19.00.

TALLOW—Firm.

RICE—Steady.

MOLASSES—Steady.

COFFEE—Spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 7 11-16. Mild quiet. Futures steady at a net loss of 5 @10 points.

SUGAR—Raw quiet; fair refining 3 5116; centrifugal 96 test 3 13-16; molasses sugar 3 1-16. Refined steady.

BUTTER—Firm, unchanged.

CHEESE—Quiet, unchanged.

EGGS—Steady, unchanged.

COTTON SEED OIL—Was easier under free offerings of crude. Prime crude fob mills 27; prime summer yellow 37 1-2; prime white nominal; prime winter yellow nominal.

PEANUTS—Firm.

FREIGHTS—Quiet, unchanged.

POTATOES—Irish weak; Maine per bag 1.50@1.55; Long Island per barrel 1.75; state 1.45@1.55; Jersey 1.40@1.50; sweets quiet, unchanged.

CABBAGES—Steady, unchanged.

NAVAL STORES

NEW YORK, Nov., 13.—Turpentine firm 70 1-2 to 71; rosin firm, strained common to good 4.30.

SAVANNAH, Nov., 13.—Turpentine firm 68; sales 680; receipts 928; shipments 303.

Rosin firm; sales 919; receipts 4,229; shipments 167; stock 64,062. Quote: A. B. C. 4.00; D. 4.05; E. 4.15; F. 4.20; G. 4.25; H. 4.40; I. 4.50; K. 5.10; M. 5.50; N. 6.00; W. G. 6.50; W. W. 6.90.

CHARLESTON, Nov., 13.—Turpentine and rosin nothing doing.

MARINE

ARRIVED.

Str. C. W. Lyon, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, S. M. King.

Schr. Horace P. Shares, 392 tons, Flynn, New York, C. D. Maffitt.

CLEARED.

Str. C. W. Lyon, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, S. M. King.

Str. George W. Weems, Hudgins, Baltimore, Walter Smallbones.

Str. Navahoe, Hale, Georgetown, S. C., & H. G. Smallbones.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Nov. 13, 1906.

C. C. Railroad—54 bales cotton; 8 barrels tar; 16 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & W. Railroad—1 bale cotton; 27 barrels tar; 68 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—1,795 bales cotton; 13 casks turpentine; 67 barrels rosin; 12 barrels tar; 29 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—156 barrels rosin

W. & N. Railroad—10 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. Lyon—37 bales cotton; 12 casks spirits turpentine; 26barrels rosin, 125 barrels tar; 19 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—1,887 bales cotton; 25 casks spirits turpentine; 249 barrels rosin; 172 barrels tar; 143 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port of Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Zamora (Br.) 2,042 tons, Leslie, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Putney Bridge, (Br), 2,147 tons, Robinson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Hampton (Br), 2,780 tons, Courtney, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Queen Olga (Br.), 2,146 tons, Marr, Heide & Co.

Holmeside (Br), 2,464 tons, Perry, Heide & Co.

Winkfield, (Br), 2,575 tons, Atkinson, Heide & Co.

Sahara (Br), 2,030 tons, Ford, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Harriet C. Kerlin, 468 tons, Cochran, C. D. Maffitt.

Annie C. Grace, 454 tons, Bonsell, C. D. Maffitt.

Nimbus, 810 tons, Stahl, C. D. Maffitt.

Wm. H. Davidson, 272 tons, Gfiffith, C. D. Maffitt.

Horace P. Shares, 392 tons, Flynn, C. D. Maffitt.

CROSSETT SHOE

"MAKES LIFE'S WALK EASY"

TRADE MARK

$4.00 — $5.00 BENCH MADE

Do You Believe in Signs?

Misfortune awaits him who turns back after once starting away.

Start in with Crossetts and you will never turn back to the misfortune of uncomfortable footwear. To get Crossett comfort, no grace of outline is sacrificed, but splendid materials are put together to look well and feel well and give your feet a service that they've a right to expect.

Call on our agent in your city, or write us

LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Inc.

North Abington, Mass.

ROCK CLIFF LITHIA SPRINGS WATER.

READ WHAT ONE OF THE MOST NOTED CITIZENS OF SOUTH CAROLINA HAS TO SAY OF THE FAMOUS ROCK CLIFF SPRINGS WATER.

Spartanburg, S. C., July 24.

To Rock Cliff Lithia Springs Co.:

Gentlemen:—This will certify that I was severely afflicted with a serious case of erysipelas, that confined me to my bed for about six months or more, with daily attendance of my physician, and which eventually settled in my left leg and became so severe that a consultation of three physicians was held and the decision reached that the lower part of my leg would have to be amputated to prevent the disease extending to the upper part of my leg and body. I declined the operation and was advised to try Rock Cliff Lithia Springs Water. I engaged board near the spring and was advised to bathe my leg in the water, at the same time drinking freely.

This application soon soothed the pain, and for the first time in months previous I slept for about two hours. After a week's treatment, without any medicine or physician's help, I walked to the spring on crutches. I continued the treatment daily, and within two weeks was able to walk to the spring without crutches and in four weeks was able to walk home, a distance of 1½ miles, and resume my official business.

I was permanently cured by the use of the water, and take great pleasure in giving you this testimonial to the efficiency of the Rock Cliff Springs Water in the treatment of erysipelas.

J. M. ELFORD.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO., DISTRIBUTING AGENTS FOR WILMINGTON AND SURROUNDING TERRITORY.

Rock Cliff Lithia Springs Co., Spartanburg, S. C

Always Remember the Full Name **Laxative Bromo Quinine**

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

When in Need

—OF—

Buggies, Harness, Wagons, Laprobes and Blankets of All Descriptions,

—SEE—

C. W. MILLS & CO.,

OVER F. T. MILL'S STABLES.

We have the goods and are selling them cheap. Call and see us.

C. W. Mills & Co.

nov 11 tf

To The Beach.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE.

In effect October 28th, 1906

Leave Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville	Leave Beach
x 7.00 a m	x6.30 a m	
x 8.30 a m	x8.00 a m	
10.00 a m	xx9.00 a m	
11.30 a m	11.00 a m	10.45 a m
1.30 p m	12.30 p m	12.15 p m
3.00 p m	2.25 p m	2.15 p m
5.00 p m	4.25 p m	4.15 p m
6.30 p m	5.55 p m	5.45 p m
8.00 p m	7.30 p m	
9.30 p m	9.00 p m	
11.00 p m	10.30 p m	

xDaily except Sunday.

xx Sundays this car will leave Wrightsville at 10:00 a. m. instead of at 9:00 a. m.

Cars leaving Wilmington at 7 a. m., 8.30 A. m., 8.00 p. m. and 9.30 p m. will not run beyond Wrightsville unless there are passengers for the Beach.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE.

Cars every half hour from 1.00 to 5.00 p m. in addition to the above schedule.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE

Freight cars leaves Wilmington daily except Sunday at 4.00 p m. Freight depot open from 2.00 to 4.00 p m.

Belle of Virginia

Rye Whiskey.

The Highest Perfection of

Old Virginia Rye.

A PRODUCT OF OUR OWN

GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY PURE

SAVE THE COUPONS FOR VALUABLE PREMIUMS.

J. & E. MAHONEY,

Distillers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers

PORTSMOUTH, VA.

PIGEON GIN.

Endorsed by Physicians and Sanitariums as an Ideal Drink for the Kidneys and Bladder.

Invisible Rubbers

For

Men and Women

Can be Purchased at

SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE

oct 28-tf

A Taylor

from the cradle up. By name and by trade.

Every garment made to fit and workmanship guaranteed.

Agent for two of the largest concerns in the country.

HAAS TAILORING CO.

BALTIMORE, MD.

MARKS AMHEIM, NEW YORK.

Together with this my line of Gents' Furnishings are of the height of fashion. New styles shipped me every week.

JULIUS P. TAYLOR,

The Tailor.

109 Princess St.

oct 10 tf

Peterson & Rulfs sell the "Red Cross Shoes."

CLOSER UNION BETWEEN STATES

Southern Immigration and Industrial Conference Pemanently Organized

AIMS AT UNIFORM ACTION

Will Exercise an Educatignal and Supervisory Influence Over Matters Pertaining to Immigration, Health, Labor, Technical, Education, Etc.

Nashville, Tenn, Nov. 13—The Southern Immigration and Education Conference to-day effected a permanent organization to be known hereafter as the Southern Immigration and Industrial Association and elected the following officers: President, Gov. D. C. Heyward, Columbia, S. C.; secretary treasurer, J. R. McMullen, Gadsden, Ala.

The next annual convention will be held in Birmingham, Ala., the second Tuesday in November.

The committee on organization recommended that the association be continued as a permanent organization to be known as the Southern Immigration and Industrial Association, its object being to exercise an educational and supervisory influence over matters pertaining to immigration, health, labor, technical education and a general enforcement of vagrancy laws, in order that a uniform policy regarding these matters may prevail throughout the South. Governors and State Commissioners of Agriculture, representatives from commercial, manufacturing and business organizations are made honorary members of the association. The active membership is to be composed of railroads, corporations or individuals The appointment of a vice president from each State is recommended. The report was adopted unanimously.

The report of the committee on education was then adopted. It recommended the adoption in Southern schools of the Louisiana system of hygienic instruction; hearty co-operation by the farmers with State experiment farms; the founding of trade schools and that the governors of all Southern States call the attention of their people to the great need of technical education for the whole youth of the South.

The report of the committee on immigration recommended that the several Southern States establish departments of immigration. The report urges the Federal government "to provide liberally for the reception of immigrants at the South Atlantic gulf ports and thus encourage the establishment of steamship lines for the direct importation of immigrants, thereby relieving the crowded condition of Ellis Island and the congested eastern cities." The report was adopted.

A letter was read from John Sharp Williams in which he expressed the belief that the solution of the race question might be found in a preconcerted effort to bring white people of the right sort into the South as vocated the formation of a land company with a capital of at least $1,000,000 to buy lands throughout the cotton States and sell them on time to desirable immigrants. A hopeful sign, Mr. Williams said, is the fact that the negro birthrate in the country is decreasing very remarkably, while the birth rate of the white peole in the Gulf States is the largest anywhere in the world. Mr. Williams recommended the establishment of a mounted rural police after the Cape Colony and Canadian systems.

"The political phase of the negro problem we have pretty well worked out to an approximately satisfactory issue" he went on to say, and recommended a limitation of the franchise to the white race. He prophesied that similar action would be taken a generation hence in Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio. He favored the rigid enforcement of vagrancy laws and said that if the negro would not work he must get out of the field. The importation of desirable white immigrants not only from foreign countries, but from the North, was also suggested in the letter.

The report of the good roads committee favored the adoption of the Latimer-Brownlow bill, now pending in Congress, asking for National aid in the construction of good roads and that the States use every effort to improve their highways.

The government aid feature of the report precipitated a debate which covered nearly two hours and in which about 15 delegates were heard. This portion of the report was finally stricken out.

At the afternoon session N. F. Thompson, of Chattanooga, advocated the strictest enforcement of the vagrancy laws with a suspension of sentence in case the negro would go to the Panama canal. Continuing he said:

"I would have the world know that this race problem has its most fertile source of perpetuity in the efforts of politicians who find it a most efficient hobby on which to ride into place and power When there are no elections in the South, we hear very little about this race matter.

"Have you ever considered that there does not exist in the South any problem that begins to compare in seriousness to that which springs in the slums in New York, the anarchists, in Chicago, the race prejudice in San Francisco and the mob spirit found practically all over the lobar centers of the North and East? The enforcement of the vagrancy laws uniformly all over the South will tend largely to the elimination of the idle negro.

"This brings me to a suggestion that I made to President Roosevelt recently and which appears to have been generally misunderstood In order to aid both races in the South to get clear of these idle negroes and aid in the speedy completion of an enterprise in which the South is deeply interested, I told him that I believed a plan could be adopted that would take the classes largely out of the South and send them to dig the Panama canal. At his reqest I went over the matter with Chairman Shonts of the Isthmian Commission and Secretary of War Taft. The plan involves the placing of the limit on all vagrants and then suspending judgment if they would voluntary go to Panama."

W. J. Oliver, of Knoxville, Tenn., told of the troubles contractors had in keeping negroes at work on construction works, but still, he said, he preferred the negro to the Italian or Chinaman.

Dr. Stephen M. Newman, of Washington, D. C., representing the Liberal Immigration League, delivered an address dealing with immigration from the time of Abraham to the present day. Any conference that seeks to deal with the immigation he said, is not taking up an experiment, but is dealing with the solution not only of the race problem, but of all problems.

Other addresses were made by L. J. Ellis, of New York and Rev. Dr. Redeker, of Maryland, the latter bringing word from Gov. Warfield.

Famous Strike Breakers.

The most famous strike breakers in the land are Dr. King's New Life Pills. When liver and bowels go on strike, they quickly settle the trouble, and the purifying work goes right on. Best cure for constipation, headache, and dizziness. 25c at Bellamy's drug store.

EMERGENCY MONEY FOR THE BANKS

Plan of American Banking Association and New Yor kChamber of Commerce.

FEATURE OF PROPOSED LAW

Congress Will be Asked to Pass Some Such Bill at Approaching Session Banks May Issue Credit Currency.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

Washington, Nov. 13.—For more than five hours to-day the currency committee of the American Banking Association and the New York Chamber of Commerce discussed the "formulation of principles" which are to form the underlying basis of the legislation for the issue of emergency currency in time of financial stringency. These principles will be recommended to Congress for enactment into law at the coming session. Although the views expressed were not by any means harmonious at all times, some of the members say that the discussion showed an evident disposition to reach common ground upon which a united appeal can be made to Congress for the legislation. The discussion developed a sentiment in favor of a currency to be issued on the general credit of a bank desiring to emit emergency currency during periods of financial stress as is done in the case of various European countries. The alternative of this proposition—that of segregating the assets of the bank as a special ecurity for these issues—was voted down. The tax on these general credit issuies it is proposed, shall form a guarantee fund to be placed in the treasury and to be used to meet the liabilities of any bank which fails. The question of what tax to place on the general credit issues was referred to a sub-committee consisting of three members: James B. Forgan, of the First National Bank of Chicago, Sol. Wexler of the Whitney Central National Bank, of New Orleans, and Frank A. Vanderlip of the City National Bank, of New York. To this sub-committee also was left thesettlement of various co-related questions incidental to the general one of taxation of the credt issues.

The opinion of the majority of the bankers, as expressed to-day, was that these credit notes are not to have any preference over the other obligations of the bank issuing them but are simply to be a lien as in the case of all other bank note issues. The scheme also contemplates the daily redemption of these issues through the instrumentality of the clearing houses in the cities which the banks issuing them may be located.

Tonight members of both committees were guests at a dinner given in their honor by Frank A. Vanderlip of the New York Chamber of Commerce committee.

UNIFORM DIVORCE IN ALL STATES

Intercsting Discussion at Second Meeting of National Congress on Divorce.

UNIFORM LAW WAS DRAFTED

It Will be Recommended to Legislature of All States—Six Causes For Divorce Named in Proposed Bill.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

PRILADELPHIA, Nov., 13.—The national congress on uniform divorce laws held its second meeting in this city today. The first meeting was held in Washington nine months ago at which time an adjournment was taken to permit a committee to darft a bill on uniform divorce laws to be presented to the legislatures of all the states. The bill drawn by the committee names six causes for which divorces can be grnted. The yare infidelity, felony, bigamy, disertion, habitual drunkenness and intelerable cruelty.

The committee recommends that the various legislatures be asked to agree on a period of residence, before application may be made for divorce. It is expected by the committee that this recommendation, if adopted by all the states, will decrease the number of migratory divorces.

Governor Pennypacker presided. The roll call showed the presence of delegates from 27 states and the district of Columbia. In reading sections of the bill, Chairman Smith called special attention to the paragraph which provides that no record or evidence in any divorce case shall b impounded or access thereto refused. He said there had been some opposition to making all divorce proceedings open to the public because of the evil influence they may have on the community, but the committee, he said, decided on open proceedings because the benefits from public hearings outweighs the dangers.

The congress passed upon about one third of the bill as presented by the committee. With a few minor changes all the causes for absolute divorce were adopted.

In the discussion of causes for annulment of marriage, Governor Pennypacker took exceptions to the clause which provided that if either party unknown to the other was insane at the time of marriage it should be annulled. The governor held that the clause not only gave the sane party the right to begin suit, but also a lunacy commission. This would give a commission appointed by the court a right to begin a suit in the name of an insane person even if the person not insane did not want divorce. He argued that marriage was a personal relation and a third person had no right in the contracts. Senaca N. Taylor of St. Louis and C. LaRue Munson, of Williamsport, Pa., clashed with the governor on the subject. Mr. Taylor said the third party is the public, and it has a right to forbid the propagation of children from the insane. The question of property rights he also held was involved.

Mr. Munson said the clause was the only protection for an insane person against a designing man or woman. He cited a case where relatives and friends were helpless to protect an imbecile who had married a designing woman. The clause was adopted.

There was also opposition to the clause annulling the marriage of a girl under the age of 16 and a youth under 18 years. Ernest Merten, of Wisconsin, held that a girl under 18 years was incapable of making a proper marriage contract and Frank H. Kerr, of Ohio, favored the law in his state which makes the marriage of a boy under 21 and a girl under 18 void. Miss Rachael Siegel, of Utah, the only woman speaker, held that 16 years for the girl was all right. She said: "We women ought to know."

The cause was adopted.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Cupid's arrow is sure to hit the mark; so is our Camera. We dress our photos in the latest and most fashionable styles. Visit us and see.

THE U. C. ELLIS STUDIO.

nov 11 eod 6t sun wed fri

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS!

THE STAR WILL SEND WITHOUT CHARGE, A. D. T. (WESTERN UNION) MESSENGERS TO YOUR PLACE OF BUSINESS OR RESIDENCE FOR ADVERTISEMENTS FOR OUR BUSINESS LOCALS DEPARTMENT. 'PHONE THE STAR OFFICE, NO. 51.

RATES—TWENTY-FIVE CTS. FOR EACH INSERTION OF TWENTY-FIVE WORDS, OR LESS. ADDITIONAL WORDS, MORE THAN TWENTY-FIVE, ONE CENT PER WORD. POSITIVELY, CASH IN ADVANCE.

THE A. D. T. MESSENGERS WILL ALSO CALL FOR TELEGRAMS FOR THE WESTERN UNION TLEGRAPH CO., OR FOR NOTES OR SMALL PACKAGES TO BE DELIVERED ANYWHERE IN THE CITY. NO CHARGE FOR THE TELEGRAMS, AND BUT A SMALL CHARGE FOR NOTES AND SMALL PACKAGES. FOR THIS SERVICE CALL WESTERN UNION, 'PHONE 2. BUT FOR ADVERTISEMENTS ALWAYS CALL THE STAR OFFICE, 'PHONE 51.

TAKEN THROUGH MISTAKE—One valise containing letters addressed Hill Humphrey, Jacksonville, N. C.; note book, bank and check book of the Onslow Bank, Jacksonville, N. C., and other articles. Liberal reward will be paid to anyone returning same to the Fulton House, Wilmington, N. C. n14-1t*

LOST—White and brown pointer dog; answers to name of Tony; has scar about four inches long on back between hips; reward if returned to Adolph G. Ahrens, 619 Market street. n14-tf.

LOST—On Second, between Orange and Nun or on Third between Nun and Castle streets, a red sweater. Reward if returned to 510 South Third street. n14-1t*

When in Need of wood call 1452 and have your wants supplied. Prices reasonable. We'll sell any way; split or in sticks. Will deliver or sell on yard. Brunswick Wood & Coal Co., foot of Church street. n13-3t

PYTHIAN SPECIAL to convention at Clarkton will leave S. A. L. depot at 6 p. m., Thursday, Nov 15. Fare round trip $1.00. n13-2t*

FOR SALE or RENT—Store No. 20 Market street; also 78 foot lot with 2 houses on Campbell street, between Third and Fourth streets. See C. P. B. Mahler, 205 Princess street n13-tf

The Regular monthly meeting of the Hospital Circle of The King's Daughtens will be held at the residence of Mrs. James H. Chadbourn, South Third street, Tuesday morning at 11 o'clck. A full attendance is requested as there is to be an electon of officers for the coming year. n13-1t

A YOUNG MAN who is quick at figures is wanted at the Star office to make out and collect bills and do other office work. n11-3t

BOY WANTED—At Star office, to sweep out, bring water and make fires. Apply at once n11-3t

AGENTS WANTED—Rev. Sam Jones' Life and Sayings, by his wife, is the biggest seller ever published. Price only $2.50. Magnificent outfit and right to territory only 50 cents Don't miss this chance of your life to make money, Circulars free. L. J. Nichols & Co., Atlanta, Ga. n11-'t

MRS. KNAPP teacher of china, water color and tapestry painting. Room 30, I. O. O. F. building. corner Third and Princess streets. Novelties in hand painted china, suitable for wedding and Christmas presents. n10-6t

BOY WANTED—A good opening for an energetic boy 10 to 15 years old, and a chance to learn business methods. Short hours and good pay. Need not interfere with school duties. Steady work all winter. Apply between 3 and 6 P. M. Wednesday, Thurs day or Friday at 9 North Second street n10 3-t.

FOR SALE.—Lot on Castle between 7th & 8th Streets, 75 x 114. Lot on S. W. corner 4th & Wright 66x165. C. P. B. Mahler 205 Princess St. no-6tf

FOR RENT—THAT VERY DESIRable store, No. 203 Princess street, in new building northeast corner of Second and Princess street. Three floors, all conveniences, stairway and elevator. Apply to J. F. Garrell or E. Y. Davis, secretary and treasurer of J. F. Garrell & Co., Inc. oct 28-tf.

LOST—White English setter bitch, head black with tan spots above eyes, and large black spot on back. Answers to name of "TESS". Reward if returned to C. W. Worth Oct 30 T F

J. W. CAPPS Lunch Counter, for nice fresh New River Oysters in any style. Steam a speciaity. Quail on toast, and everything in season. Call and see Betsie! C. T. McKeithan, Mgr. nov-1-tf

WANTED — BY A WHOLESALE house young lady as billing clerk and office assistant. One accustomed to making out bills on Remington machine preferred. Must be quick and accurate at figures. Hours 8 to 6. Address in own handwriting stating salary expected. "Wholesale" Care Star. oct 28-tf.**

IF you want a choice North Carolina Ham call 'Phone 547. We have some extra fine ones to-day. We carry in stock all kinds country produce in season. Will be pleased to serve one and all. S. F. Craig, 605 North Fourth street. aug 8 tf

HEAT YOUR BATH ROOM with a Gas Heater. Only $1.50. Call up Gas Company. oc 12 tf

NEW ADVERTISMENTS.

CEREALS AND FRUITS,

H. O. Oats, Hecker's Oat Meal, Farina, Force, Cream of Wheat.

Prunes, Raisins, Citron, Orange and Lemon Peels, Crystalized Cherries.

N. C. Buckwheat and Maple Syrup.

CROW & TAYLOR,

GROCERS.
Phone 1052

nov 14 tf

CREAM PUFFS.

MADE DAILY.

Gibbs' Candy a Winner.

Warren's Steam Bakery

22 N. Front Street.
R. F. WARREN, Prop.
PHONE 246.

nov 14 tf

FLORIDA ORANGES.

9,200 Oranges, $1.50 per 100.
1,350 pounds mixed nuts.
2,400 pounds new Raisins—due.
1,520 pounds Evaporated Apples.
1,960 pounds Evaporated Peaches—due
1,040 pounds Prunes—due.
103 barrels Ben Davis Apples.
41 barrels Baldwin Apples.
410 boxes Penny Candy.
109 Pails Chocolate Caramels.
41 pails Chocolate Drops.
286 boxes Plain Candy.
318 pails Cheap Mixture.

W.B. COOPER,

CORNER NUTT AND GRACE STS.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

n8-tf

A Shoe that Doubles a woman's Capacity for work or pleasure

A stylish shoe that's absolutely comfortable

No. 66, Red Cross Glazed Kid Lace, $3.50

In the ordinary shoe, at every step, the sole of the shoe rubs the ball of the foot. Thousands of rubs a day!

This continual rubbing draws the feet, makes them burn, throb, ache. The constant strain tortures the nerves of the feet and they in turn tire out the whole system.

The Red Cross Shoe saves a woman's strength, because it removes this strain. The sole of the Red Cross Shoe is *flexible.*

"It bends with the foot"

Oxfords, $3.50 and $3.00
High Shoes, $4.00 and $3.50

ARONHEIMER & HECHHEIMER CO. RED CROSS SHOE PATENTED U.S.

SOLD BY

Peterson & Rulfs.

nov-11

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Can Fit Any Form

Never mind your size, sir, your suit is here.

If you have been bothered with getting clothes to fit you, it is right here that your troubles will end.

The abnormal man is never without our gates.

The large man, the short man, the fat man, and the man that is long drawn out, will find his suit here.

We Fit the Form Perfectly

We do it without extra charge. The fabrics and cut of the garments are correct for the form for which they are intended.

We make no extra charge for fitting the "hard-to-fits." Suits $10, $12.50, $15, $18, $20, $22. Come here and see what we are doing for you in the way of fitting you, as you would like to be fitted.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.
Masonic Temple Building. Wilmington, N. C.

Sole agents for DUNLAP Hats,

oct 27 tf

IT'S IN THE DRAFT.

The secret of the fuel-saving qualities of this Buck's hot blast heater lies in the draft construction. It is so made as to allow large quantities of heated air to pass over the upper surface of the burning coal, thus supplying oxygen to the rising gasses, which are then converted into heating power.

Simple, isn't it? And yet it's new principle in stove building—not to be found elsewhere.

This stove will reduce your coal bill nearly one-third.

Let us tell your of its many advantages.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

nov. tf.